

From the "Cradle of Civilization"

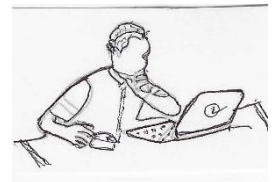
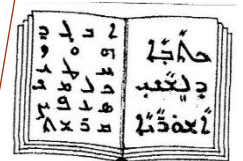
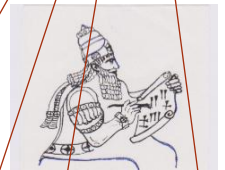
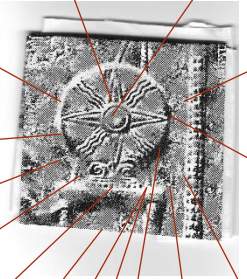
ܡܢ "ܕܕܠܡܐܠܐ ܕܡܕܢܚܐ" ܡܢ

ܡܠܟܐ ܕܝܬܝܒ (ܬܡܕܕܐ)

*The Book of my Language
(Assyrian)*

Book Three ܡܠܟܐ ܡܕܢܚܐ

For adults ܡܢ ܡܕܢܚܐ ܕܡܕܢܚܐ



ܡܠܟܐ ܡܕܢܚܐ ܡܢ ܡܕܢܚܐ ܕܡܕܢܚܐ
Michael A. Younan

ܡܝܕܝܬܝܢ ܡܝܬܝܢ ܠܝܬܝܢ ܠܡܝܬܝܢ ، ܠܡܝܬܝܢ ܠܡܝܬܝܢ
ܕܝܬܝܢ ، ܡܝܬܝܢ ܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܝܬܝܢ ܠܡܝܬܝܢ ܡܝܬܝܢ
ܡܝܬܝܢ ܠܡܝܬܝܢ ܡܝܬܝܢ ܡܝܬܝܢ ܡܝܬܝܢ .

I dedicate this book, to my dear father, the late
Alexan Younan, my mentor, for his love and zealousness
to the Assyrian people and Language.

This book is not to be sold in any manner.
It is a free cultural service contributed by the
author to the Assyrian students.

The book can be downloaded for free at:
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Book TWO, 2024

Book THREE 2026

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Book 3, 2026

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Preface

Book THREE is written for students whose native language is Assyrian, and who have completed Book ONE and Book TWO. It is not suitable and is not intended for persons who do not have the knowledge of reading and writing in English, but rather is intended for students of High School, College and University (It is not written as a Curriculum order from Grade One to Six) it is also written in a special way to develop student's skills from beginning course to intermediate. I used "colloquial" words, phrases, sentences and expressions through formal and basic structure of the grammar in short sentences. Book THREE is also written for non-Assyrian students, and, in order to make the book widely accessible, the contents are written in both Assyrian and English Language. I also used phonetic transliterations to facilitate the pronunciation.

I made every effort to provide accurate translation and transliterations of the corresponding words and sentences of both Assyrian and English language to be practical and useful for both student and teacher.

Note: I used the Eastern Assyrian spelling, called Swadaya (from the word Souwada) meaning: conversational / colloquial, also known as "Madenkhaya script with transliteration"

I also recommend that students download and print Book One, Book Two and Book Three and bind each book. It is more easy and practical to use and also to print more copies.

I would like also express my gratitude to my wife Mary Younan for her cooperation and encouragement to complete Book One, Book Two and Book Three. She also chose the title of the books "The Book of my Language (Assyrian) and helped me in composing some specific words and sentences that are relevant to our Assyrian culture.

Michael A. Younan

Book 3, 2026

Preface مِمَّا دَبَّرَ

[illegible]

۱. بک صمخکچم ۲. مچ خذ ۳. وکب صمخ مچ کم
 ۴. بکب مچکچکب مچک مچ مچک ۵. دچک حچک . ۶. وک ۷. م
 ۸. بک مچک مچک (مچک) ۹. دچک حچک مچک ۱۰. مچک مچک
 ۱۱. مچک ۱۲. مچک مچک ۱۳. مچک مچک ۱۴. مچک مچک ۱۵. مچک مچک

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Learn and teach the Assyrian Language

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*Note: Always see the lessons of book ONE and TWO
 for help to learn the new lessons
 of this book three.*

Lesson 1 جَدُّكَ

مَعْدَدٌ خَدَّ ٱلْأَمَانِ ٱلْمَعْلُومِ

Note for silent letter

[illegible]

This sign **l** a short line above each letter in the word, this letter is written but not Pronounced , its is a silent letter.

مِلَّكٌ مِّنْ أَكْبَرُتِّعَ ، دِجِ بَذَلْ كُتَّهْ
كُؤَمَكْ ، وُتَّعْ هَقْدَهْ كُتَّهْ "2"

Verb with three letters , that begins with letter
zao-aa zqaa-pa and finishes with letter "2"

Example of some verbs **ܝܚܝܬܐ ܕܢܚܡܐ ܡܝܬܐ**

1 - **ܡܝܬܐ " ܬܝܬ " : ܬܝܬ ܠܝܠܬܐ ܕܡܕܪܝܬܐ ܐܬܐ**
ܠܡܕܬܐ ܠܝܬܐ ܕܬܝܬܐ ܡܕܪܝܬܐ ܠܡܕܬܐ .

1 – Verb ‘COME’ : I came to the school the last one when the Lesson has already started .

2 - **ܡܝܬܐ " ܬܝܬ " ܠܝܬܐ ܡܕܪܝܬܐ ܕܡܕܪܝܬܐ**
ܕܡܕܪܝܬܐ ܕܡܕܪܝܬܐ , ܡܕܪܝܬܐ ܕܡܕܪܝܬܐ .

2 – Verb ‘BUILD’ : You have built your house nearby ‘DIKLAT’ River and beame neighbour of Adorina .

3- **ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ**
ܕܡܕܪܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ .

3 – Khlopeil fainted during the soccer game because he did not drink enough water .

4- **ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ**
ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܐ .

4 – Shamreta came under the rain because she was in a hurry to arrive earlier to her school .

5- وَذَبَّتْ مِوَةَ كَهْ بِدَجِّ حَبِّ بِدَجِّ يَكْتَلْ
 لَبَّتْ ذَكَّ تَهْبُكْ هَكْصَتْ .

5 – Wardiya baked a very sweet cake but it was delicious and tasty.

دُذَّتْ lesson 2

Enlightment وَهَشْ دُذَّتْ

ذَلَّوْ دَحَابَّةً هَشْخَبَةً دَمِكَةً بَ بِسَدَّ
 دَمْدَمَةً كَمْ قَدَّصَةً دَبَّسَدَّ هَلْ فُذِيَهَقْ
 يَسَدَّتْ يَكْ خَمَّ هَلْ كَهَقْ ، لَبْ
 لَبَّتْ : جَب ، كَب ، لَب .

لَكُم دَلِيلٌ ، لِيَجِدَ مَعْدَمَهُ دَحَابَةً مِمَّا
 أَهْلَتْ لِي دَلِيلٌ لِيَهْمُ .

The order of writing and spelling a verb
 or a word of ownership at the end of the
 word for feminine person is difficult for
 students. I simplified the explanation as
 follow.

Example لِيَهْمُ

لِيَهْمُ لِيَهْمُ دَحَابَةً دَحَابَةً (جـ)

Letters at the end of a verb (جـ)

لِيَهْمُ لِيَهْمُ دَحَابَةً دَحَابَةً ،
 فَذِيَهْمُ يَهْمُ

For verb in definite past tense
 (for feminine person)

1- لِيَهْمُ لِيَهْمُ دَحَابَةً دَحَابَةً لِيَهْمُ لِيَهْمُ دَحَابَةً دَحَابَةً .

1-You spoke and wrote your letter to your teacher in French language .

2- أَنْتَ كَتَبْتَ وَتَكَلَّمْتَ بِاللُّغَةِ الْفَرَنْسِيَّةِ ، لِمَاذَا
لَمْ تَتَمَدَّدْ فِي مَطْلَبِكَ مِنْهُ ؟

1- You finished your work, but what was your demand from the owner of the company ?

أَنْتِ بَعْدَ "يَمَّا" دَمَدْتِ (مَمْلُوءَةً)
فِي فَرْصَةٍ يَسَّاتِي

For ownership word (noun) for feminine person

3- أَنْتِ يَمَّا ، تَكَلَّمْتَ ، سَأَلْتِ ، كَتَبْتِ
كَلَامًا حَسَنًا ، فِي سَبْعَةِ أَيَّامٍ خَلْفَ .

4- أَنْتِ كُنْتِ تَمُودِي بَعْدَ دَجَجٍ .
خَلْفَ ، مُدْخِلَةً ، حَلَّجْتَ ، تَكَلَّمْتَ
بَعْدَ ، يَهْدِي ، يَحْكُمُ .

أَمَّا أَنْتِ كُنْتِ دَسَّاتِي مَلَكًا (ب)

حُبَّتْ دُفِيَر حَتَّتْ ، فُذِرَهْ فَيَّصَتَّتْ

Letters at the end of a verb (ح)

For verb in Simple Present Tense
(for feminine person)

5- تُتِّي جِي اَمِيْمَتْ خِي مُلَقَتْ فُذِرَهْ
حِيَّتْ فُذِرَهْ هِيِيِيَتْ .

6- تُتِّي جِي قُذَّتْ هَحَّتْ حَقَّتْ دُفِيَرِي .

7- تُتِّي جِي سَحَّتْ كِيَتَّتْ قِي سِي ، وَهَذَّتْ .

7- I sew clothing to our little sister .

لُؤَهَّتْ لَم فُذِرَهْ دُفِيَرِي مِلَّتْ (ح)

حُبَّتْ دُفِيَر حَتَّتْ ، فُذِرَهْ فَيَّصَتَّتْ

Letters at the end of a verb (ح)

For imperative simple past tense ,
(for feminine person)

8- تَلَا جِي اَمِيْمَتْ اَمِيْمَتْ حِيَّتْ لُؤَهَّتْ

2. بِفَعْلٍ مَفْعَلٌ شَوْءٌ وَكَهَذَا .

قُلْ وَبَيِّنْ دَقِيْقٌ كَدَّيْنٌ ،
فَذِيْقُهُ قُلْ يَسْتَأْتِيْنِ

For simple present tense ,
(for feminine person)

9- أَنْتَ جِئْتِ خُصْمُكَ زُفْعَتَجِ زُفْعَتَجِ شَوْءٌ
تَمَعْتِ كَهَذَا مَجْتَجِ قُلْ سَدَّيْنِ خُفْجَتِ .

9 – You used to ask you brother Akhiqar whom is older
Than you for an advice .

قُلْ وَبَيِّنْ دَقِيْقٌ كَدَّيْنٌ ،
فَذِيْقُهُ قُلْ يَسْتَأْتِيْنِ

For simple future tense ,
(for feminine person)

10- أَنْتَ يَهْ تَكْفِيْكَ يَكْفِيْكَ دَقْمَهْمَا .

10 – You will learn Medical science .

11- ܐܢܬܡ ܝܗܘܕܝܐ ܝܗ ܬܝܬܝܗܒ ܕܗܡ ܕܡܕܢܐ
 ܒܝ ܡܡܝܬܐ ܕܕܡܕܢܐ ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ
 ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ .

11- You Suriya , will participate in the conference or convention of the Assyrians as a delegate of Assyrian womam .

ܡܢ ܕܝܕܝܐ , ܝܡܝܬܐ ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ

For Masculine , Feminine in Plural

Definite Past Tense ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ

12- ܐܢܬܡ ܝܗܘܕܝܐ ܝܗ ܬܝܬܝܗܒ ܕܗܡ ܕܡܕܢܐ .

Simple Present Tense ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ ܕܝܝܐ

13- ܐܢܬܡ ܝܗܘܕܝܐ ܝܗ ܬܝܬܝܗܒ ܕܗܡ ܕܡܕܢܐ .

Simple Future Tense **وَبَنِّ دُكْهَد فَتَبَّ**

14- **بُنِّ يَه قَلْبَس ٥٥ تَمَك دُجَّهَ .**

15- **بُنِّ يَه تَبَس سَد ٥٥ تَه تَه حَقَّه**

هَكْبَه دُتَّه دُكْهَد فَتَبَّ .

15 – We will build a social Hall for meetings and athletics activities .

Lesson 3 **دُتَّه**

Preposition **هَكْبَه هَكْبَه**

General note **هَكْبَه دُتَّه**

مَدْبُومَه مَتَمَّ مَكَّه سَجَلْ لُؤْأَلْ لُؤْأَلْ لُؤْأَلْ "د" ب
 بَدَّ بَدَّ لُؤْأَلْ : كَه ، هَد ، بَد ، بَد ، ك ، ب
 ، مَدْبُومَه ، مَدْبُومَه د مَد ، بَد ، مَد .

لُؤْأَلْ بَدَّ ، لُؤْأَلْ لُؤْأَلْ "د" ب قَسَب
 مَدْبُومَه مَدْبُومَه بَدَّ بَدَّ بَدَّ بَدَّ بَدَّ

مَدْبُومَه د
 Preposition is a letter

or a word , or a verb as the above, they are wrote before the
 word, or noun, or verb.

Example مَدْبُومَه

بَدَّ مَكَّه حَهَبَس : مَدْبُومَه مَدْبُومَه مَدْبُومَه
 مَدْبُومَه مَدْبُومَه .

1- لُؤْأَلْ مَكَّه دَحَهَبَس : مَدْبُومَه دَحَهَبَس
 مَدْبُومَه مَدْبُومَه مَدْبُومَه مَدْبُومَه مَدْبُومَه

1-It is correct to write : the teacher of the first class (grade) of the school of our city his name is Ramsin .

2- ڏهه ٽي ڊيگري : ٻنهي ڳوٺن جي ڪلچر
۽ ٻنهي ڳوٺن جي ڪلچر .

3- ڪڏهن به ٻه ڏينهن ، ٻنهي ڳوٺن جي ڪلچر
ڏهه ٽي ڊيگري ڊيگري جي ڪلچر ۽ ٻه ڏينهن

2- My daughter Wardina , you planted flowers plant in our home court after your marriage .

4- ڪڏهن به ٻه ڏينهن ڊيگري ڊيگري جي ڪلچر
۽ ٻنهي ڳوٺن جي ڪلچر .

3- The labor work law in the petroleum company, prioriry is to the country's citizens and not to the foreigners.

5- ڪلچر جي ڪلچر جي ڪلچر جي ڪلچر
۽ ٻنهي ڳوٺن جي ڪلچر .

5-Our teacher asked us to put our books on his books desk during the exam .

6-بُتَيَّ تَكَلَّفَا مَعَهُمَا . ثُمَّ ذَهَبَا إِلَى دَارِكَب
لِيَسْأَلَهُمَا (بِهِمَا حَقَّهُ) .

18-These students talked together to go to the Library .

دَرْجَةُ 4 Lesson

مَعْنَى حَقَّتْ *General Note*

مَعْنَى حَقَّتْ دَحْبٌ يَتَرَكُوهُ قَسْدٌ

دَحْبٌ يَتَرَكُوهُ " مَد "

لَيْسَ فِي سَبَبٍ هَلْ فَعْلُهُ هَلْ فَعْلُهُ دَحْبٌ
سَدَّتْ (لَيْسَ) ، هَلْ فَعْلُهُ هَلْ فَعْلُهُ يَسَدَّتْ
سَدَّتْ (لَيْسَ) هَلْ فَعْلُهُ هَلْ فَعْلُهُ هَلْ فَعْلُهُ
(لَيْسَ) .

Conjugation of all verbs in imperative mood, is only for the first person of Masculine Singular (you) , and for the first person of Feminine Singular (you) and for the second person in plural (You)

مَكَّاهُ دَجَّ بِذَنْكَ تَأْهَأْهُ "م"
 وَتَمَّ قَصَّهَذْكَ تَمَّ وَبَتَّ دَهَّيْهَ كَتَّكَ جَمَّ قَتَّ
 حَبَّبَّكَ يُسَجِّبُ تَمَّ فَذِيَهَقْ هَدَمَّكَ دَجَّدَتَّكَ ،
 فَذِيَهَقْ هَدَمَّكَ يَهْدَأْتُكَ ، فَذِيَهَقْ هَذَّنْتُكَ
 هَبَّبْتُكَ يُسَجِّبُ .

Verb that starts with letter "م"

in imperative mood in Simple Present Tense,
 is written only for first person masculine, first
 person feminine and second person in plural
 only.

Example of some verbs **ܝܗܝܬܝܢ ܕܢܚܝܬܝܢ ܡܝܬܝܢ**

1 - **ܐܢܬ ܕܡܝܠ ܡܢܝܬ ܠܐܝܬܝܢ ܠܝܫܝܢ ܕܡܝܬܝܢ ܡܢܝܬܝܬܝܢ .**

1-You, Rameil feed your brother Ramsin warm food .

2 - **ܐܢܬ ܒܕܝܝܬ ܡܢܝܬ ܠܐܝܬܝܢ ܠܝܫܝܢ ܡܢܝܬܝܬܝܢ .**

3-**ܐܢܬܝܢ ܡܢܝܬܝܢ ܕܝܬܝܢ ܕܡܝܬܝܢ ܕܡܝܬܝܢ ܠܝܫܝܢ ܕܡܝܬܝܢ ܕܡܝܬܝܢ .**

3-You (in plural), promote the Assyrian Martyr's day commemoration to the students of the school .

Example **ܝܗܝܬܝܢ**

Here are few verbs **ܐܝܢ ܡܢ ܢܚܝܬܝܢ ܡܝܬܝܢ**

Madkher ܡܕܟܗܪ Remind , mention of	Mappeh ܡܡܦܗ Have baked	Mammeh ܡܡܡܗ Swear , take an oath
Mbarrekh ܡܒܪܟܝܬ Bless, perform a marriage ceremony	Maamed ܡܡܡܝܬ Baptize	Mqaddesh ܡܩܕܕܝܬ Make Holy , consecrate

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Manher مَنْهَر Enlighten , shed the light , explain, comment on. Msakhseh مَسْخَسْ Examen , search for Mhaggeh مَهْجَه Spell , to form word Mjareb مَجْرِب Try, test , attempt . Mallep مَلَّك Teach , instruct . Mrakhem مَرْخَم Be merciful , pity , sympathize with . Maddeh مَدَّه Inform , make known , cause of .	Marwekh مَرْوَكْ Spread , promote, propagate Malyez مَلْيَز Hurry-up , be urgent , be quick. Mbasem مَبْسَم Heal , cure , console . Mashghed مَشْغَد Preach a doctrine. Maqrew مَقْرَو Offer , present , submit . Mabyet مَبْيَت Fast from some food. Maarqel مَرْقَل Delay, postpone . Mqajder مَقْجَد Dare , venture , defy ,	Mhaymin مَهْمِين Believe , trust Mshabbekh مَشْبَبَكْ Glorify , praise Msayber مَسْأَبَر Be patient , endure . فَعَلْج Feed , Give to eat , cause to be eaten . فَحْدَو Preach , Proclaim . فَهْدَه Mawdeh Confess , profess , acknowledge . فَحْرِيَه Masyet Listen , pay attention , obey , comply .
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Maamir مَامِير Build .	challenge . مَتَاوِيه Mtaouyeh , search for, Seek .	Malheh مَلِه Lit , kindle , burn . Mpakhel مَفِيك Forgive , absolve .
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Lesson 5 دُتْ

مِه دُتْ دِيكْ دِي " دِي " دِي " دِي " دِي 3
دِي , دِي دِي دِي , دِي دِي دِي
دِي دِي دِي . دِي دِي دِي دِي
دِي : " دِي " دِي دِي دِي دِي

دِي دِي دِي دِي " دِي " دِي : دِي ,

دِي دِي دِي . دِي دِي دِي دِي دِي
دِي دِي دِي (دِي دِي دِي دِي دِي دِي

مَجَرَّةٌ مَذْقِيَّةٌ) .

Conjugation of verb “ASK” Baqer of 3 lettes (is in imperative mood) is written with zao-aa ptaa-kha if in definitive Past tense the pronunciation is as “BOUQIRRI” the verb is written with zao=aa rwaa-sa “” as : BOUQIRRI , BOUQIRROWKHON in the first syllable for all persons and all tenses (The same applies for other verbs)

Example **بموقف**

מִלְכָּךְ חֵידָּ : חֲזָן מַיִדָּב , חֲזָן מַיִדָּה , חֲזָן
 מַיִדָּה ,

٢٤٥٠ مَمِيذُج ، ٢٤٥١ مَمِيذُت ، ٢٤٥٢ مَمِيذُ ،
 ٢٤٥٣ مَمِيذُجُف ، ٢٤٥٤ مَمِيذُف .

Here are a few verbs **فَتِي مَنَ بِجَعَلٍ مَيَّ**

خِيَر Select , choose	خِيَل Look at , see	Cook خَبَد (خَبِيك)	خَبَذ Ask
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فَلِّحْ Teach	أَتَمِّحْ Believe , trust	فُحِّدْ Inform , make known	وَيْعْ Sell
فَغْفِرْ Forgive	فَهْذْ Yawn	فُحِّبْ Put , set , lay	فُحِّسْ Smell
تُحِّسْ Glorify , praise	فُحِّدْ Make Holy , consecrate	فُحِّدْ Promise	نُحِّزْ Pray
تُحْذَرْ Start , begin	أُحْمِمْ Complete	فُحِّمْ Explain	ذُحِّزْ Throw

وَتَنْ قُصَّةً ذَنْ

Imperative Mood

وَتَنْ قُصَّةً ذَنْ جَنْ قَلَيْتْ حَسْبُكَ تُوْبَتْ دَهْلِي
 لَسَجِبْ هَلْ فُذِيَهْ هَلْ اذْنَتْ : هَلْ دُجْدَتْ سَدْتْ
 هَلْ يَسَلَّتْ سَدْتْ ، هَلْ دُجْدَتْ
 هَلْ يَسَلَّتْ هَبَّتْ .

This imperative Mood is used only in the Present Tense
 For the 2nd person : Masculine Singular , Feminine Singular ,

and for Masculine and Feminine in plural form .

Example **يُحَمِّدُ**

يُحَمِّدُكَ ، يَحْمَدُكَ يُحَمِّدُكَ Masculine , Feminine in plural form يُحَمِّدُكَ ، يَحْمَدُكَ You Glorify , praise	يُحَمِّدُكَ سَدَّتْكَ Feminine Singular يُحَمِّدُكَ ، يَحْمَدُكَ You Glorify , praise	يُحَمِّدُكَ سَدَّتْكَ Masculine Singular يُحَمِّدُكَ ، يَحْمَدُكَ You Glorify , praise
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Lesson 6 **دَعْوَةٌ**

يُحَمِّدُكَ مَسْمُومَةٌ (عَمَلٌ)

يُحَمِّدُكَ مَسْمُومَةٌ فِي فُحْدٍ سَدَّتْكَ نَدَى دَبَّكَ

دَبَّكَ فُحْدَةٌ بِي دَبَّكَ مَسْمُومَةٌ ، فِي مَسْمُومَةٍ

مَسْمُومَةٌ حَمَلٌ ، هَلْ دَبَّكَ مَسْمُومَةٌ دَبَّكَ مَسْمُومَةٌ

مَسْمُومَةٌ دَبَّكَ فُحْدٍ دَبَّكَ دَبَّكَ يَحْمَدُكَ :
(حَمَلٌ دَبَّكَ مَسْمُومَةٌ مَسْمُومَةٌ دَبَّكَ يَحْمَدُكَ)

Adjective Clause is dependent clause, it is not a complete sentence.

It must be connected to an independent clause. It describes, identifies

the noun or thing. (surname; a name or appellation added to a name).

Example **ܡܚܝܬܐ**

* ܡܠܟܬܐ ܝܠܕ ܕܒܝܬܐ ܠܝܫ ܒܢ ܕܡܠܟܐ
ܠܡܠܟܐ ܡܡܠܟܐ ܕܒܝܬܐ ܡܠܟܐ ܕܒܝܬܐ
ܠܝܫ : ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ , ܡܠܟܐ (ܡܠܟܐ)

ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ , ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ , ܡܠܟܐ
ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ .

* ܠܒܝܬܐ ܠܝܫ ܒܢ ܕܡܠܟܐ , ܒܝܬܐ ܠܝܫ
ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ ܠܝܫ ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ .

* ܕܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ ܠܝܫ ܡܠܟܐ , ܡܠܟܐ ܠܝܫ
ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ .

* ܡܠܟܐ ܠܝܫ ܒܢ ܕܡܠܟܐ ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ
ܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ ܕܡܠܟܐ .

Shmoueil is a young boy leader and helper of boy scouts level one beginners .

* مُدَبِّرْ شَمُوَيْلٌ دَلِيْلٌ لِّتَحْدِيثِ دَجْمِ مَعْلَمٍ ، مَكْتَبِ
مَدْرَسَةٍ لَّهُ مَدِيْنَةٌ دَلِيْلٌ (لِذِكْرِكُمْ) .

يَمِينٌ ، لِمَنْ هُوَ دُمَسْتَانٌ .

Adjective Clause patterns:

Who , Which , That , Whom , Whose , Where, When , Whether , etc.

1- لَمَّا مَدَدْتُكَ مَكْتُوبَةً لَمْ تَكُنْ تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ مُكَتَبَ
مَنْجَمٍ هُوَ دَسْتِيذِي لَمْ تَكُنْ تَعْلَمُ دَلِيْلٌ

1 – I thanked my teacher Khanania who helped me composing my letter.

2- مَدَدْتُ لَهَا قَلَمًا لَمَّا تَخْرُجُ مِنْ قَدْحِ يَدِ يَمِينٍ
دَمِيْلٌ \ دَمِيْلٌ .

2 – Sarguina will work when she graduates from the law school .

3- **ܝܬܐ - ܬܒܬܐ (field) ܕܝܚܡܐܐ ܕܝܡܠܟܐ ܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ .**

3 – The soccer field is where our house is located near the school .

4- **ܡܠܟܐ ܬܗܝܬ ܝܬܐ ܕܝܚܡܐܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ .**

4 – Our teacher Haweil talks very fast whether we like him or not .

5- **ܬܒܬܐ ܕܝܚܡܐܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ .**

5 – The meeting which we attended last weekend was not well organized.

6 - **ܬܒܬܐ ܕܝܚܡܐܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ ܕܝܬܐ .**

3-The Assyrian song that we heard at the concert was very cheerful.

Lesson 7 دُذُئْ

يَمَكْ مَسْمُئْ (مَسْمُئْ)

Descriptive Adjective

1- تَكْهَقْ دُذُئْ مَسْمُئْ 9 ذُكْ جُحْبُؤْ مَسْمُئْ .

1-The students of the 9th. grade are very smart .

2- بِنْدَ قُكْسْ مَسْمُؤْ مَسْمُؤْ تِيكْهَ يِهْ

جُكْسْ (Kitchen) دُجْ .

2- A skilled workman was able to build our kitchen.

3- بَهْ بِنْدَ بَسْكَرْ جَمُؤْ مَسْمُؤْ مَسْمُؤْ دُجْ .

3-There is a large and green field with trees next to our home

4- تَكْ لِي مَسْمُؤْ مَسْمُؤْ تَمُؤْ دُجْ مَسْمُؤْ

دُجْ مَسْمُؤْ مَسْمُؤْ مَسْمُؤْ مَسْمُؤْ

دُجْ مَسْمُؤْ .

4- I never forget the blessed day and joyful when I met you with your parents at the new year celebration .

Lesson 8 دَذَنَ

يَمَن مَسْهَتَن (مَسْوَتَن) مَسْهَتَن

Demonstrative Adjective Definitive

كَسَه ، كَسَب That	لُتَن This	هَه ، اَه She , He
هَه لَيَذَن The other one	لُتَب Those	لُيَن these
اَه لَيَذَن The other one		

مَلَقَتَن مَذَن دَلَتَن يَلِيَقَن جِي بِيَه كَه
 دَلَتَن يَلِي دَمَجَن ، هَلَكَقِي كَه دَسَه لَيَذَن .

English teacher *Mardin* lives in this dormitory, and the students in that one .

Indefinite كَر مَسْهَتَن

بِنْدَ لَيْدَتِّ The other one	لَهْ \ جِهْ بِنْدَ No one	بِنْدَ a , an
سَجَّ لَيْدَتِّ The other one	بِنْدَ يَكْ A certain one	بِنْدَحَمَّ Some
حَد بِنْدَ لَيْدَتِّ Any other one	لَيْدَتِّي Others	

Example جِهْ هَمَّ

1- بِنْدَ لَتَّتْ مَهْمَهْمَتْ هِجَّتْ ، حَك لَتَّتْ جِهْ
مِهْمَهْمَه .

1 - An honest and faithful man, is respected by all people .

2- بِنْدَحَمَّ لَتَّتْ سَلْ مَحَبَّتْ هَمَّهَد ، لَيْدَتِّي
خَدَّتْ هَمَّهْمَهْمَه .

1 - Some people are gentle and polite, others are displeasure
and argumentative always .

Lesson 9 دُذْنُ

Adverb دُذْنُ

أَذِيحُ فَعْلَتِي دُذْنُ :

The two uses of Averbs

فَعْلَتِي عَجَبِيهِ فَعْلَتِي دُذْنُ .

*The worker did his work very badly

Subject verb complement

يَدْفَعُ يَدْفَعُ يَدْفَعُ .

*My son

Subject

يَدْفَعُ يَدْفَعُ يَدْفَعُ

is

well today

verb complement

1- يَدْفَعُ يَدْفَعُ يَدْفَعُ يَدْفَعُ يَدْفَعُ

دُذْنُ .

1- This mistake was made entirely through your fault .

2- פָּנָה מְדַבֵּרָה דְּבִדְבָרֵהּ מִמְּדִיבָה
 אֶתְּתֵהּ קְדִיבָהּ לִי לְהַלֵּךְ דִּיבָהּ בְּדִבָּהּ
 דִּיבָהּ יָהּ .

1- Panna , the school's Principal congratulated the students specially of the first year in the university .

3 – מְמַלֶּכֶת יִלְתֵּת אֶתְּמִימִיחַ חֲלָהּ דָּמֶה
 חֲבֵב תְּמַלִּיחַ מִיֶּהוּ .

3 - Lecturer Guiliana spoke loud, and all the listeners complained .

4- אֲדִיבָהּ מִי תֵּהּ קְדִיבָהּ מִלְּפָהּ אֲדִי
 אֲדִיבָהּ , אֶתְּדִבָהּ קִסֵּל אֶתְּדִבְחֶהּ
 דִּבְדִּבְחֶהּ .

4 – Arbella after she graduated as an Architect, she started working at an architectural company .

5- تَتَّعِدُ بِيَدَيْهِ لِيَكُونَ قَدْ بَدَأَ بِهِ لِيَكُونَ
 حَسْبُكَ وَتَكُنْ لِيَكُونَ هُوَ خَيْرٌ مِنْكَ لِيَكُونَ .

5 – Human being is happy especially when he is good health him and his family .

6 – بِمَعْرِفَةِ كَيْفِهِ سَدَّ قُلُوبَهُ بِيَدَيْهِ
 لِيَكُونَ قَدْ بَدَأَ بِهِ لِيَكُونَ .

6 – Khammo arrived *long before one hour* we arrive to our home

Lesson 10 دُؤُنْ

Imperative Mood وَتَكُنْ قَدْ بَدَأَ بِهِ

لِيَكُونَ قَدْ بَدَأَ بِهِ لِيَكُونَ قَدْ بَدَأَ بِهِ لِيَكُونَ
 لِيَكُونَ قَدْ بَدَأَ بِهِ لِيَكُونَ : لِيَكُونَ قَدْ بَدَأَ بِهِ

هَلْ سَدَّتْ يَصَدَّتْ ، هَلْ هَبَّتْ
 دَجَّتْ هِيَصَّتْ .

1- This imperative Mood is used only in the present tense for the 2nd person: masculine singular , feminine singular , and for masculine and feminine in plural .

Example

دَجَّتْ يَصَدَّتْ هَبَّتْ masculine feminine in plural form نَصَدُّ نَصَدُّ You speak	يَصَدَّتْ سَدَّتْ feminine singular نَصَدُّ You speak	دَجَّتْ سَدَّتْ masculine singular نَصَدُّ You speak
نَصَدُّ نَصَدُّ You learn	نَصَدُّ نَصَدُّ You learn	نَصَدُّ نَصَدُّ You learn

لَمْ حَبَّ ، وَلَمْ قَصَدْ لَمْ فُذِبْ بَدَمَكْ
 هَلْبَتْ ، لَمْ قَتْ مَهْيَسَتْ مَلْ (حَبْ)

To write in imperative mood for first and third person, use the verb 'LET'

<i>*For masculine, feminine, singular</i> Let me speak. <i>*for masculine, feminine, in plural</i> Let us speak. <i>*for masculine, singular</i> Let him speak. <i>*for feminine, singular</i> Let her speak. <i>*for masculine, feminine, in plural</i> Let them speak.	* ۞ ڊڄڻ، ڀڄڻ، سڏڻ آڃهه ڊڄههڪي . * ۞ ڊڄڻ، ڀڄڻ، هڃڻ آڃهه ڊڄههڪي . * ۞ ڊڄڻ سڏڻ آڃهه ڊڄههڪي . * ۞ ڀڄڻ، ڀڄڻ، هڃڻ آڃهه ڊڄههڪي .
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وَتَ قُصِدْ (مُصَدِّقٌ) ، اِشْدْ ، مَجْدِدْ

Imperative mood (in affirmative condition)

Order: Must, should , ought (هَلْ) مُصَدِّقٌ

For all persons تَ حَب فَتِيَهْ

Example مُصَدِّقٌ

هَلْ ، هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ نَسْتَهْ يَدَهْ

Youaw , You must write your exam today .

هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ He must write (for masculine)	هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ You must write (for masculine)	هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ I must write (for masculine)
هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ She must write (for feminine)	هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ You must write (for feminine)	هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ I must write (for feminine)
هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ They must write (for masculine & feminine in plural)	هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ You must write (for masculine & feminine in plural)	هَلْ يَكَمْ دَحْهْ We must write (for masculine & feminine in plural)

Example ١٥٦

Present: Past : Be or Am Was ١٥٦ ١٥٦	Participle : ١٥٦ Present : Being , Past : Been ١٥٦ : ١٥٦ ١٥٦ : ١٥٦
Indicative mood Present Perfect Tense I have been ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ You have been ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ He has been ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ She has been ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦	١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ We have been (for masculine & feminine , plural) ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ You have been (for masculine & feminine , plural) ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦ They have been (for masculine & feminine , plural) ١٥٦ ١٥٦ ١٥٦

Past Perfect Tense I had been أَنَا كُنْتُ بِهْ You had been أَنْتَ كُنْتَ بِهْ He had been هُوَ كُنْ بِهْ She had been هِيَ كُنْ بِهْ Future tense I shall be أَنَا يَكُونُ You will be أَنْتَ يَكُونُ	وَجَاءَ دُخَانٌ كَثِيرٌ We had been (for masculine & feminine , plural) كُنَّا بِهْ كُنَّا بِهْ You had been (for masculine & feminine , plural) كُنْتُمْ بِهْ كُنْتُمْ بِهْ They had been (for masculine & feminine , plural) كَانُوا بِهْ وَجَاءَ دُخَانٌ We shall be (for masculine & feminine , plural) يَكُونُ بِهْ يَكُونُ بِهْ
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آَبْ يَٓهْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ	آَبْ يَٓهْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ
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يَٓهْٓبْ " آَهْٓبْ " (وَتَلْ قُصَهْٓبْ) جِ قُصَهْٓبْ
 آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ : آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ ،
 آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ .

Verb ‘BE’ in imperative mood is written for the 2nd person masculine singular, and feminine singular .

آَهْٓبْ : آَهْٓبْ ، آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ .
 آَهْٓبْ ، آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ
 آَهْٓبْ وِٓ " آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ " (وَتَلْ قُصَهْٓبْ) آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ :
 آَهْٓبْ ، آَهْٓبْ ، آَهْٓبْ ، آَهْٓبْ :
 آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ آَهْٓبْ .

Also , Verb “BE” is also used in imperative mood for the second person masculine singular, second person feminine singular, and for second person in plural .

Example “you be ready”

Lesson 12 دُذُئْ

هَمَذُئْ دِئْئْ مَبْدُئْ (كَبْدْ)

Conjugation of auxiliary verb (DO)

Present tense : Do, Does كَبْدْ ، يَكْبُدْ

Past tense : Did (هَكْبُدْ) كَبَدْ

Infinitive : to Do كَبْدُ : يَكْبُدْ

Imperative : Do كَبْدْ : كَبُدْ

مَبْدُئْ دِئْئْ : يَكْبُدْ

Present Perfect : Doing

Past Perfect : Done مَبْدُئْ دِئْئْ : كَبَدْ

مَبْدُئْ دِئْئْ : (كَبْدْ دِئْئْ كَبَدْ) .

Perfect Participle: (having done)

I am now doing what you have done in the past.

أَفْعَلُ مَا تَفْعَلُ . أَتَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُ .
تَعْلَمُ مَا تَفْعَلُ .

Gerung : Doing أَفْعَلُ : تَفْعَلُ

General note تَفْعَلُ مَا تَفْعَلُ

مَكُونُ	يَكُونُ	تَفْعَلُ ، تَفْعَلُ
Subject	Verb	أَفْعَلُ
My son	Is	Well today (Complement)
تَفْعَلُ	يَكُونُ	يَكُونُ تَفْعَلُ
Those students	Are	Aware of final exam
تَفْعَلُ تَفْعَلُ	يَكُونُ	تَفْعَلُ تَفْعَلُ

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Lesson 13 دَذَّيْ

وَبَيِّنْ خَذَّيْ دِيكَلْ " أَهْ "

Subjective mood of the verb "BE"
(conditional)

Present Tense	وَبَيِّنْ دَذَّيْ
If I be أَهْ أَهْ أَهْ	If we be (for masculine & feminine , plural) أَهْ أَهْ أَهْ
If you be أَهْ أَهْ أَهْ	If you be (for masculine & feminine plural) أَهْ أَهْ أَهْ
If he be أَهْ أَهْ أَهْ	If they be (for masculine & feminine , plural) أَهْ أَهْ أَهْ
If she be أَهْ أَهْ أَهْ	

Past Tense If I were يَا لَيْتَ لَكَ شَرٌّ كَبِيرٌ شَرٌّ شَرٌّ If you were يَا لَيْتَ لَكَ شَرٌّ كَبِيرٌ شَرٌّ شَرٌّ If he were يَا لَيْتَ لَكَ شَرٌّ كَبِيرٌ شَرٌّ شَرٌّ If she were يَا لَيْتَ لَكَ شَرٌّ كَبِيرٌ شَرٌّ شَرٌّ Past Perfect Tense If I had been يَا لَيْتَ لَكَ شَرٌّ كَبِيرٌ شَرٌّ شَرٌّ	وَجِئْتُ دُخَانًا If we were (for masculine & feminine , plural) يَا لَيْتَ لَكَ شَرٌّ كَبِيرٌ بِشَرٍّ شَرٌّ If you were (for masculine & feminine , plural) يَا لَيْتَ لَكَ شَرٌّ كَبِيرٌ بِشَرٍّ شَرٌّ If they were (for masculine & feminine , plural) يَا لَيْتَ لَكَ شَرٌّ كَبِيرٌ بِشَرٍّ شَرٌّ وَجِئْتُ دُخَانًا If we had been
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If you had been ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻟﻮ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ	(for masculine & feminine, plural) ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ
If he had been ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ	(for masculine & feminine, plural) ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ
If she had been ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ	(for masculine & feminine , plural) ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ
Future Tense If I should be ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ	ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ If we should be (for masculine & feminine , plural) ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ
If you should be ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ	ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ
If he should be ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ	If you should be (for masculine & feminine , plural) ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ ﻻ ﻛﻮﻧﺖ

If she should be يَا اَنْتِ يَا اَنْتِ اَنْتِ	If they should be (for masculine & feminine , plural) يَا اَنْتِ يَا اَنْتِ اَنْتِ
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Lesson 14 دُتْ

هه دُتْ دُتْ " اَنْتِ "

Conjugation of verb "BE"

Potential mood (اَنْتِ دُتْ)

Present Tense I may be اَنْتِ اَنْتِ اَنْتِ You may be اَنْتِ اَنْتِ اَنْتِ	دُتْ دُتْ We may be (for masculine & feminine , plural) اَنْتِ اَنْتِ اَنْتِ You may be (for masculine & feminine , plural) اَنْتِ اَنْتِ اَنْتِ اَنْتِ اَنْتِ اَنْتِ
--	---

Past tense I might be أَنَا مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ You might be أَنْتَ مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ He might be هُوَ مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ She might be أَنْتَ مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ Past Perfect Tense I might have been أَنَا مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ لَمْ أَكُنْ	وَجَبَّ دَخَلَ We might be (for masculine & feminine , plural) أَنْتَ مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ You might be (for masculine & feminine , plural) أَنْتَ مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ لَمْ أَكُنْ They might be (for masculine & feminine , plural) أَنْتَ مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ وَجَبَّ دَخَلَ We might have been (for masculine & feminine, plural) أَنْتَ مَكِّيَ لَمْ أَكُنْ لَمْ أَكُنْ
---	---

You might have been $\text{ሰኞት ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ}$ 	You might have been (for masculine & feminine , plural) $\text{ሰኞት ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ}$
He might have been $\text{ሰኞት ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ}$ 	They might have been (for masculine & feminine , plural) $\text{ሰኞት ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ}$
She might have been $\text{ሰኞት ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ}$ 	 $\text{ሰኞት ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ ለጽሁፍ}$

Lesson 15 دُذْنُ

Participles مَجْهُوْلَةٌ

Transitive verbs مَجْهُوْلَةٌ

Active voice Present Participle : Loving مُحِبٌّ	Passive voice Present Participle : Being loved يُحِبُّ
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يَعْلَمُ : دَعَا Verb Learn يَعْلَمُ	يُحِبُّ : عَلَّمَ Present participle Learning يُحِبُّ	يُحِبُّ : دَعَا Past participle Learned يُحِبُّ
Verb 'forbid' مُحْذَرٌ ، مُحْذَرٌ	Forbidding مُحْذَرٌ ، مُحْذَرٌ	Forbidden مُحْذَرٌ ، مُحْذَرٌ

Verb 'speak' אָמערן	Speaking אָמערענדיג	Spoken אָמערענט
Verb 'worship' הַיִדֵּל , הַיִּדֵּל ערבייטן	Worshipping הַיִּדֵּל , הַיִּדֵּל	Worshipped הַיִּדֵּל , ערבייטן

Lesson 16 דזען

יִפֹּק וועלכעט ערפֿינט דעם דעמאלט

Gerund and verbal noun

يَمَكْ مَهْكَدَّتْ هِيَّيْكَدْ دِيكَلْ ،
وَتْ كْ مَهْكَدْ

Gerund and infinitive

Example مَهْكَدْ

يَمَكْ مَهْكَدَّتْ لِيْ هِيَّيْكَدْ دِيكَلْ دِي
قَتْ مَهْكَدْ لِيْ هِيَّيْكَدْ .

A gerund is the 'ing' form of a verb used as a noun

1- لِيْ هِيَّيْكَدْ دِيكَلْ هِيَّيْكَدْ هِيَّيْكَدْ هِيَّيْكَدْ
لِيْ هِيَّيْكَدْ / لِيْ هِيَّيْكَدْ هِيَّيْكَدْ .

conference

1 – We , the members of the association talked
'*about going*' to the conference all together .

2- هِيَّيْكَدْ لِيْ هِيَّيْكَدْ هِيَّيْكَدْ هِيَّيْكَدْ
دِيكَلْ دِيكَلْ هِيَّيْكَدْ .

6-يَا مُجَنَّبِي دُتْمِي لِمَ تَجْعَلُ
يُجْذِبُ قَلْبِي .

6 -I would ‘appreciate hearing’ from you
about my letter to you .

Lesson 17 دُتْمِي

لِهَذِهِ سُبُط دُتْمِي

Subordinative Conjunctions

1-بِتَدُّ لِهَذِهِ جِ لِهَذِهِ دِهْجَمِي
دِهْجَمِي لِهَذِهِ لِهْجَمِي لِهْجَمِي لِهْجَمِي .

1 - Word conjunction connects the words of clauses
and sentences together at the same time .

2- ۡهَٰذَۥۥ دِیۡدَ ۡمِیۡمَۡدَۡۥ دِیۡدَ ۡفَیۡیَ ۡهَیۡبَۡۥ ۡسَیۡبَۡۥ
 ۡمِیۡمَۡدَۡۥ ۡیِیۡدَۡۥ ۡسَیۡهَۡ ۡذِیۡۡۥ (ۡمِیۡۡبَۡۥ ۡیِیۡۡ ۡیِیۡۡ ۡیِیۡۡ
 ۡهَیۡبَۡۥ)

2-Conjunction of a sentence is supported by another sentence under the same order .

(to put in a position as an order)

ۡمِیۡمَۡدَۡۥ ۡذِیۡۡۥ		ۡهَٰذَۥۥ		ۡمِیۡمَۡدَۡۥ ۡهَیۡبَۡۥ
Principal		Conjunction		Dependent

Example ۡهَیۡبَۡۥ

I will write the article if you help me ?

ۡیِیۡۡ ۡهَیۡبَۡۥ ۡمِیۡمَۡدَۡۥ ۡیِیۡۡ ۡهَیۡبَۡۥ ۡیِیۡۡ ۡهَیۡبَۡۥ ?

Although ۡیِیۡۡ

* ۡسَیۡبَۡۥ ۡذِیۡۡ ۡمِیۡمَۡدَۡۥ ۡسَیۡۡ ، ۡیِیۡۡ ۡدِیۡۡ ۡسَیۡۡ ۡهَیۡبَۡۥ
 ↑ Rich/wealthy

If not **يَا كُنْ**

* **يَا وَهَبْ لِي سَاحِبَةً دَابَّةً يَكُونُ فِيهَا حِمْلِي** .
Car

When **يَا إِذَا**

* **يَا إِذَا مَرَّ بِكَ صَاحِبُ الدَّابَّةِ** .
Your friend

Where **يَا أَيْنَ**

* **يَا أَيْنَ تَجِدُ قَلْبِي فِي لَيْلَةٍ** .
at night
كُنْ لَمْ يَكُنْ يَوْمَئِذٍ

To / for **يَا لِمَ**

* **يَا لِمَ تَعْبُدُ لِمَا دُونَكَ** .

Until **يَا حَتَّى**

* **يَا حَتَّى تَخْرُجَ إِلَى حَقْبَتِي** (Hospital) **يَا حَتَّى** .

*3 **أَمَّا جَمْعُهَا كَرِّ كَلَمَةٍ وَهِيَ كَرِّ هَذِهِ هِيَ
تَمَكُّنَ مَعَهُدًا .**

*3 - She has neither a pen nor paper to take notes.

*4 **مَدْرَسَتُكَ دُرْدُورَةٌ لِي لَيْسَ لِي سَبِّحُ مَحْصَدُ
لَيْتَ هِيَ وَتَدْرُسُ هَذِهِ هِيَ .**

*4 - the school Principal is not only polite but also knowledgeable and smart.

Lesson 18 **دُرْدُورَةٌ**

يَمَكُّنَ مَعَهُدًا (مَعَهُدًا) Adjective

**يَمَكُّنَ مَعَهُدًا لِي مَدْرَسَتُكَ سَبِّحُ لِي سَبِّحُ دُرْدُورَةٌ
دُرْدُورَةٌ هَذِهِ هِيَ دُرْدُورَةٌ .**

Adjective describes a noun , thing or surname , appellation added to a name , title of a person or thing.

* 1 فَهْمٌ (Author) زَمَنٌ هَذِهِ حَبِطٌ

ܡܝܫܐ "ܬܝܬܝܐ ܕܡܝܬܝܐ" (Literature)

2* اُجِبْتُ بِهِ بِجَدِّ زَيْدٍ هُكْمًا .

*** 3 دُجَعْلَ دَجَبِيْمَ كَلَّ يِعْلَ ، مَمْعِلْ بَلَّ
صَحْبَ دَخَسْدُ دِكَا .**

قُلْ هَذِهِ سُبُحَاتُهَا مِثْلُ مِثْلِهَا عِبَادُهَا

قُلْ يٰٓمَعْشَرَٓنَٓنْ ۖ سَمِعْتُمْ اِلٰهَکُمْ فَسَمِعُوْا ۗ لَیْسَ لَکُمْ اِلٰهٌ اِلَّا هُوَ ۚ سُبْحٰنَہٗ عَمَّا یُشْرَکُّوْنَ

READING SENTENCES IN SIMPLE FORM FOR FEMININE SINGULAR

1 - كَذَّبَ فَبِئْسَ الَّذِي كَذَّبَ ، هَٰذَا سَاءَ مَا يَكْتُمُونَ

دَقِّقْهُ جَ ۛ دِمْف ۛ مِ ۛ فِدْ ۛ يَسِيْلْ ۛ لَسْدَلْ ۛ
عَبَهْ ۛ دَلْ ۛ .

1 - My daughter Awigual , you should study your lessons today before your final exam next week .

2 - **ܟܕܐܒ ܬܕܡܝܢܐ ، ܐܡܒܝܢܐ ܬܝܝܕ ܡܝ
ܐܨܬܝܒ ܫܐܝܒ ܡܝ ܫܕܐ ܩܪܝܢܐ ܕܗܝܐ ܐܬܝܒ
ܡܝ ܐܡܕܐ ܡܬܢ ܡܝܬܒ ܐܡܕܐܝܐ ܝܡܝܢܐ .**

2 – My daughter Barsina , always ask your brother and sister for an advice , for they are older than you and they have experience .

3 - **ܟܕܐܒ ܡܪܕܝܢܐ ، ܐܬܐܐ ܡܪܝܐ ܫܐܐ ܐܡܕܐܝܐ
ܡܝܬܝܠܐ ܐܡܒܝܢܐ ܡܠܦܐ ܡܬܢ ܐܨܬܝܒ
ܕܗܝܐ ܫܐܝܒ ܡܬܢ ܕܫܕܐ ܡܕܕܝܐ
ܐܡܕܐܝܐ ܡܬܕܝܐ ܡܕܕܝܐ ܡܬܢ .**

3 – My daughter Surma , you are the oldest sister and you are smart, always teach your little brother Bronsin and your little sister Nahrain the Assyrian culture , customs and good manners.

4 - **ܟܕܐܒ ܬܡܝܢܐ ، ܕܬܢ ܡܡܫܕܝܕܝܐ ܡܬܢ ܡܬܢ
ܕܝܐ ܬܠܦܐ ܕܦܝܬܐ ܐܡܬܢ ܕܦܝܬܐ ܡܬܢ ܬܝܕܐ
ܡܬܝܐ ܡܬܝܐ .**

4 – My daughter Yoniya you made us very happy that you will study to become doctor, a physician for little boys and girls.

5 – **חַדְאָב זְהִיב , זִנְאָב יֵה אֶשְׁהִיב זִדְהֶפּ
מְזִיבֵנָה דִּסְהִיב דְּמִדְזֵנָה הֵי אֶשְׁמִיבֵנָה מְזִ
זִנְשֵׁנָה מְזִ מְלִקִּי , זְהִ וְ יֵה מְזִדְזֵנָה
מְסִדְהֵנָה (זִנְשֵׁנָה diplomes) מְזִ מְלִקִּי .**

5 – My daughter Urhai , you will be today organizing the school's program and you will speak to the parents and teachers , also you will be presenting diplomes / certifications to the students .

6 – **חַדְאָב זְהִיב , קְזִ מְזִנְאָב זִדְהֶפּ יֵה
מְזִנְאָב מְזִנְאָב דְּמִדְזֵנָה לֶהֶם אֶשְׁמִיבֵנָה מְזִ
מְזִנְאָב דְּמִדְזֵנָה .**

6 – My daughter Awita , Don't forget , today you will receive a medal of honor for helping the school's success .

7 - تَدَّأِبْ مَدَّأَ , اُصْبَحْ اِبْنُ بَرَكَةَ
 يَكْفَهُ اَكْبَادَ فِي مَدَنَ اُكَّشَ دَتَّيْدَ هَ
 حَبَسَ اُصْهَدَّيْ فِي حَدْ اَهْلَكَيَّ هَوَكَمَنَ .

7 - My daughter Martha , always when you pray , ask the
 Almighty God to protect all the Assyrians from any
 distress , pain and brutality .

Lesson 19 دُتَّ

Conjugation of verb هَمَذَنَ دَمِكَ

Read (qareh) مِكَ هَذَ

Simple Present Tense وَجَنَ دَمِي حَذَّ

For Masculine Singular هَ دَجَدَتَّ سَدَّتَّ

1- اُنَّ اُسْبَحَ فِي هَذَ حَتَّ دَمَهَمَ .

1 – I , Akhiqar , read medicine book.

2- اَنَ اُفْهَمَ فِي هَذَ حَتَّ دَمْعَبَه .

2 – You , Aprem , you read history book .

3- **ܐܝܬܗ ܝܢ ܩܕܝܫܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ .**

3 - Tiglath reads business book .

ܐܝܬܐ ܕܩܝܡ ܡܕܝܢܐ Simple Present Tense

ܩܝܡܐ ܕܝܡܠܟܐܢܐ For Feminine Singular

1 - **ܐܝܬܐ ܩܝܡܐ ܝܢ ܩܕܝܡܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ .**

1 – I , Sarguina , read stories book .

2 - **ܐܝܬܐ ܩܕܝܡܐ ܝܢ ܩܕܝܡܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ**
(ܝܝܬܐܢܐ)

2- You , Sharrukina , read computer book .

3- **ܐܝܬܐ ܩܝܡܐ ܝܢ ܩܕܝܡܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ**

3 – She , Eilina , reads fine arts book .

ܐܝܬܐ ܕܩܝܡ ܡܕܝܢܐ Simple Present Tense

كَلَّمَ حَكْمٌ فَتَحِيهِ (دَجْدَتْنِ ، يَسْتَعْتَنْ
مُتَنَبِه)

For all persons: (Masculine and feminine in plural)

1-نَسْبُ نَكْهَقِ حِ مَذْ حَكَّ دَوْدَهَا .

1 – We , the students , read agricultural book .

2-نَسْهَ . نَكْهَقِ دِيَه يَهْ دَدْجِي مَدْمَكْ
حِ مَذْهَاهَ . حَكَّ دَعَهْتْ \ تَمَهْهَ \ عَذْهَ

2 – You , the students , of the University of the first class read
book of Law / Ordinance / Rules .

Lesson 20 دُتْ

Conjugation of verb مَهْدُتْ دِيكْ

Write (katiw) مَكْ خَبْ

وَبْتْ دِيكْ مَهْمَا (فِي)

(يْ مَدِي يَدْ كَبْ فَبْ)

Simple Past Tense (definite, certain)
(action is completed in the past)

Example مَهْمَا

وَبْتْ دِيكْ مَهْمَا (فِي)

Simple Past Tense

For Masculine Singular مَهْمَا دِيكْ

1 مَهْمَا مَهْمَا دِيكْ مَهْمَا مَهْمَا

مَهْمَا دِيكْ مَهْمَا دِيكْ .

1 – I , Youaw , wrote a letter to the school's principal
last month.

2 أَنْتَ حَكَمْتَ مَعَهُ لِمَا لَمْ يَكُنْ دَعَاهُ
 تَجِبُهُ دُخْبُ مَعَهُ خُتَّةٌ دَهْبُهُ
 كَبْدُهُ .

2 - You wrote about the meeting of the last week of the association regarding the elections of the executive board .

3 أَنْتَ لَمْ تَكُنْ دِيهِ نَهْكَ خُصْدُهُ . فَكُنْ
 نُسْبُهُ مَعَهُ دُذْنُ فِدْصُهُ دِيكُنْ حَنْتِي .

3 – You , the students , of the University ask your teacher Akhiqar regarding the first physics lesson .

مُتَمِّمٌ (فَتِيَّةٌ) . وَبَتُّ دُخْبُ

Simple Past Tense

لَمْ يَكُنْ سَدَّتْ

For Feminine Singular

1 أَنْتَ لَمْ يَكُنْ حَكَمْتَ مَعَهُ لِمَا لَمْ يَكُنْ
 دَعَاهُ دُخْبُ دُخْبُ .

1- I , Edessa , wrote about the Assyrian history the last year.

2 ܐܢܝܢ ܕܝܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ
ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ .

2 – You , Eilina , wrote a story for children in the last summer .

3 ܐܢܝܢ ܕܝܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ
ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ .

3 – Awita wrote the lyrics of the song to the singer Brateil for the celebration of the Assyrian Babylonian New Year “Akitu”

ܐܢܝܢ ܕܝܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ ܠܠܝܢܐ (ܐܢܝܢ)

Simple Past Tense

ܠܗ ܡܠܚ ܦܬܝܪܗܝܢ (ܕܝܚܕܐܢܝܢ , ܝܫܬܐܬܢܢ
 ܡܝܬܢܐܝܢ)

For all persons: (Masculine and feminine in plural)

1 ܠܡܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܠܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ
 ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ .

1 - We wrote a letter to our teacher Narsai to teach us our Assyrian History .

2 ܠܡܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ
 ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ .

2 - You wrote very well in the past exam.

3 ܠܡܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ
 ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܝܬܝܢ .

3 - They wrote a good subject regarding teaching and education to children students of the Assyrian school.

Lesson 21 دُتْ

Conjugation of verb هَمَذَكْ دَمَكْ

Verb learn (Yalip) مَكْ تَكْ

Simple Future Tense وَبَتْ دَعَبْ فَبْ

Example حَمَفْ

For Masculine Singular هَمْ دُتْ سَدَتْ

1 تَنْ دُذِي هِ تَكِي مَلَقْ دُهمْ

كَمْ دَفِي دَكْتَبْ هَمْ فَيَدْ دُتْ .

1 – I , Adarsin , will study internal medicine
especialy of the male body .

2 نَسَبْ دُفَبْ هِ تَكِي مَلَقْ دَكْتَبْ

دَمَذَكْ دَكْتَبْ هَمْ تَتِي حَمَذْ سِيْتْ هِتْ .

2 – My brother Anubil , will study cardiology (heart
specialist) for elderly people .

3 ܐܗ ܐܫܪܝܢ ܝܗ ܬܝܟ ܡܠܦܬܢ ܕܝܓܬܢ
 ܕܕܚܡܬܟܝܢ ܡܠܦܬܢ ܕܝܓܬܢ ܕܝܓܬܢ ܝܗܝܩܢ
 ܕܝܝܬܝܬܝܢ ܐܫܪܝܢ .

3 – He , Ashursin , will study archaeology especially of the artifacts of the Assyrian history .

Simple Future Tense ܕܝܬܢ ܕܝܝܬܢ ܕܝܬܢ
 For Feminine Singular ܡܢ ܝܝܬܬܢ ܡܢ ܝܬܢ
 1 ܐܢܝ ܝܗ ܬܠܦܢ ܡܠܦܬܢ ܕܝܬܝܬܝܢ
 ܕܝܝܬܝܬܝܢ ܡܢ ܝܬܢ .

1 - I will study medical , specialy for children .

2 ܐܢܬ ܝܗ ܬܠܦܢ ܡܠܦܬܢ ܕܝܬܝܬܝܢ ܕܝܝܬܝܢ
 ܕܝܬܝܬܝܢ ܡܠܦܬܢ ܕܝܬܝܬܝܢ ܐܫܪܝܢ .

2 - You will study moral education as the Assyrian traditions and culture.

3 اَتِي تِلْكَ لِمَ تَدْرُسُ فِي الْمَدْرَسَةِ
تَلْعَلْ تَدْرُسُ فِي الْمَدْرَسَةِ .

3 - She will study in school of medicine for the viruses and contagious diseases.

لِكُلِّ شَخْصٍ : (ذَكَرٌ ، مَرَأَتٌ)
(مُتَعَدِّدٌ)

For all persons: (Masculine and feminine in plural)

1 اَتِي تِلْكَ لِمَ تَدْرُسُ فِي الْمَدْرَسَةِ ، هَذِهِ
تِلْكَ الْمَدْرَسَةُ تَدْرُسُ فِيهَا :
Example

حَنَئ Physics	حِمَئ Chemistry	تِرَهَكَئ Nurse	تَهَمَهْئ Medicine
هِيَنَچَدْئ Attorney , Lawyer	مَسَهْذْئ Engineer	ئَذِچْچْئ Architect	ئِچِچِذَهْئ Business , Commerce
مَهَلَقْئ مَهْئَهْئ Political Science	مَسْذَهْئ Engineering	مَهْچْئ Media	ئِصَمَهْچْئ Economy
	ئَسَهْچْئ Computer	مَسْذَهْئ چَوْذَهْكَئ Agricultural engineering	ئِصَهْ چْذَمَئِي (هَمَئِي) Pharmacy

Lesson 22 دذئ

هه ذئف دئفكف " ئفب "

Conjugation of verb 'SIT'

Simple Present Tense دئف دئفم دئف

Masculine Singular دئف دئفم

1- ئف دئفم دئف دئفم دئف دئفم
دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف .

2- ئف دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف .

Feminine Singular دئف دئفم

1- ئف دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف
دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف .

دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف دئف

Masculine Feminine in Plural

1- اُنْسَجْ جِ تَهْجَسْ ، اُنْسَهْ جِ تَهْجَهْ ،
تُحِبْ جِ تَهْجِبْ .

Definite Past Tense **وَجَدْتُ** **مَدَدْتُ**
Masculine Singular **جَدُّتُ** **سَدِّتُ**

1- اُنْجَ نَهْجَبْ مَهْذُتْ دُفْلَقْبْ هَ هَ يَمَلْهَ
دُفْلَقْتْ دُفْدُذْهَ .
اُنْهَ نَهْجَلَمْ ، هَ نَهْجَلِشْ .

Feminine Singular **يَمَلَّتْ** **سَدَّتْ**
2- اُنْجَ نَهْجَبْ ، اُنْهَ نَهْجَلْجَبْ ، هَ نَهْجَلْجَهْ

جَدُّتُ ، **يَمَلَّتْ** **هَجَلَّتْ**
Masculine, Feminine in Plural

3- يُسَبِّحُ تَبْحَةً ، يُسَمِّعُ مَسْمَعَةً ، يُبْصِرُ بَصِيرَةً ، يُحْيِي حَيَاتًا ، يُحْيِي حَيَاتًا .

Simple Future Tense وَبَيِّنُ دَعَاءُ قَبْلُ

دَعَاءُ ، يَحْيِي حَيَاتًا ، يَحْيِي حَيَاتًا

1- يُبْصِرُ بَصِيرَةً ، يُبْصِرُ بَصِيرَةً ، يُبْصِرُ بَصِيرَةً .

يُسَمِّعُ مَسْمَعَةً ، يُسَمِّعُ مَسْمَعَةً .

2- يُبْصِرُ بَصِيرَةً ، يُبْصِرُ بَصِيرَةً ، يُبْصِرُ بَصِيرَةً .

3- يُسَبِّحُ تَبْحَةً ، يُسَبِّحُ تَبْحَةً ، يُسَبِّحُ تَبْحَةً .

Imperative Mood وَتَنْ قَسَمٌ

Present Tense وَبَيِّنُ دَعَاءُ

هَبْتُمْ Plural نَسَهُ نَسَهُ You sit	يَسَعْتُمْ سَعْتُمْ Feminine Singular نَعَب نَعَب You sit	يَجْعَلُ سَعْتُمْ Masculine Singular نَعَب نَعَب You sit
---	---	--

For Future Tense هَبْ هَبْ هَبْ

هَبْتُمْ Plural نَسَهُ نَسَهُ You sit	يَسَعْتُمْ سَعْتُمْ Feminine Singular نَعَب نَعَب You sit	يَجْعَلُ سَعْتُمْ Masculine Singular نَعَب نَعَب You sit
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Lesson 23 دُذْنُ

هه دُذْنُ دِيكَلْ " فُحِبْ "

Conjugation of verb 'PUT'

Simple Present Tense دُذْنُ دِيكَلْ عَدْنُ

Masculine Singular دُجُذْنُ سَدْنُ

1- دُذْنُ دِيكَلْ فُحِبْ حَتَبْ لَمْ لُحِبْ دِيكَلْ
دُحَتَبْ لَمْ دُحَتَبْ دُحَتَبْ .

1 – I put my books in a leather knapsack (case for books)
to maintain them new .

دُذْنُ دِيكَلْ ، دُذْنُ دِيكَلْ .

Feminine Singular دُجُذْنُ سَدْنُ

2- دُذْنُ دِيكَلْ فُحِبْ .

دُذْنُ دِيكَلْ ، دُذْنُ دِيكَلْ .

دُجُذْنُ ، دُجُذْنُ دُجُذْنُ

Masculine , Feminine in Plural

3- اُنْسَتْ جِ فُحْطَسْ، اُنْسَهْ جِ فُحْطَسَهْ، اُنْبِ
جِ فُحْطَبِ .

Definite Past Tense وَبَتْ دُحْطَ مَسْمَ
Masculine Singular دُجْطَتْ سَدَّتْ

1- اُنْ مَسْمَ بَكِ
اُنْ مَسْمَ بَكَمْ، اُنْ مَسْمَ بَكِ .

Feminine Singular يَسْمَتْ سَدَّتْ

2- اُنْ مَسْمَ بَكِ
اُنْ مَسْمَ بَكْجِ، اُنْ مَسْمَ بَكْجِ .

دُجْطَتْ، يَسْمَتْ فُحْطَتْ

3-ئِسْبَ مەجْجَبْ ، ئِسْهە مەجْجەجە ، ئُتَب مەجْجەسە .

Imperative Mood ۋَتَّ قَسَدَ ۋ

Present Tense ۋَتَّ دَقَّيْ ۋ

فَجَبَّتْ	يَسَعَتَّ سَدَّتْ	دَجَدَّتْ سَدَّتْ
Plural	Feminine Singular	Masculine Singular
ئِسْهە مەجْجەم	ئَتە مەجْجَب	ئَتە مەجْجَب
You put	You put	You put

Future Tense ۋَتَّ دُكەب

فَجَبَّتْ	يَسَعَتَّ سَدَّتْ	دَجَدَّتْ سَدَّتْ
Plural	Feminine Singular	Masculine Singular
ئِسْهە ۋ يە	ئَتە ۋ يە	ئَتە ۋ يە
فەجْجەسە ۋ	فەجْجەب ۋ	فەجْجەب ۋ

Lesson 24 دُئَلْ

نِي مِيَر لَه كِه هِه دُئَلْ دِيكْتَن

مِي مِيَر لِيكْتَن

زُود ، زُجِد ، زُجِر ، زُجِد ، زُجِد ،

زُجِد (Aseq) ، زُجِد ، زُجِد .

These Verbs have a special conjugation than other Verbs and are classified in different forms

Example verb GO (azel) زُود مِيَكْن زُود

Simple Present Tense زُود دُئَلْ دُئَلْ

For Masculine Singular زُود دُجُتَن دُجُتَن

1: زُود دُجُتَن دُجُتَن دُجُتَن دُجُتَن

دُجُتَن دُجُتَن / دُجُتَن .

1: I go to the University of Law school to become
Lawyer / Attorney .

2: أَنْتَ جِي تَوَكَّ (Azet) لِيَهْ يَهْتَن دَاكْذَهْ
 هَلْ دَاوَّهْ هَاكْذَن .

2: You Go to the University of business school
 to become a business man .

3: هَهْ جِي تَوَدْ لَهْكَبْ دَاكْذَهْ هَلْ دَاكْ
 هَهْ مُلَقْتَن هَلْ تَكَلِّقْ تَتْ دَاكْكَ مَن
 دَاوَّهْ مُلَقْتَن دَاكْكَ .

2-He goes to the College (education faculty) to become
 a teacher to students who want to become teachers
 in the future .

Simple Present Tense وَجَن دَاكْ هَاكْ

For Feminine Singular هَلْ يَهْتَن سَدْتَن

1: أَنْتَ جِي تَوَكَّ لِيَهْ يَهْتَن دَاكْذَهْ دَاكْ
 هَلْ يَهْتَن دَاكْذَهْ هَلْ دَاكْكَ دَاكْكَ يَهْتَن

يَذِيحُ بِهِ خَبْذًا (kindergarten) فَذِيحُ بِهِ
يَذِيحُ فَذِيحُ يَذِيحُ .

1- I Go to a special school of education for children to study how to establish a kindergarten to be able to help my fellow Assyrian mothers .

2: اِنَّمَا جِئْتُكُمْ فَاَنْبِئُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ
فِيْكُمْ نَاسٌ تَقِيْعَانٌ (Nurse) هَلْ يَسْتَحِبُّ
لَهُمْ دَعْوَةُكُمْ .

2- You Go to work in a hospital as a Nurse to help also for Assyrian woman.

3: اِنَّ فِيَّ لَظَوَاجِرَ فَهِيَ غَافِلَةٌ
فَإِذَا يَمُوتُ يَلْقَا رَبَّهُ

3- She goes to Nursing school to teach Assyrian woman.

Simple Present Tense **يُجَنِّدُ دَفِيعَةً حَدَّيْنِ**
عَلَى كُلِّ فُتْرَةٍ هِيَ :

(دِجْدَتْنِ ، سَدَتْنِ هَيْتْنِه)

For all persons: (Masculine and feminine in plural)

1: نُسْبِ تَكْهَقِ جِ زَوَكْسِ حِكْ نُسْبِ بِنْدِ نَسْكَ
لِيْجِ نَذِيْجِ دُنْجَهْ ذِ تِيْجْكَ هَلْ دَقْدَسِ مِه
مُتَكَبَّهْ دُنْجَهْ ذِ دُنْجَهْ.

1- We, the students, go as one team to the Ashur Banipal Library to read the history of the Assyrian country.

2: نُسْهْ . عِلْقِيْ هُكْبَصَقِيْ نُسْبِ عَتْدِ دَحْد
يَتَّهْ جِ زَوَكْبَهْ . دِجْدَحْبَهْ . كِه كِهْمَدِ نِ
حَمَفَتْنِ دِجْلَقِيْ زَعْدِيْ كِهْمِه رَجْمَهْ
هُمَكْهِيْ دِجْلَقِيْ هُكْبَصَقِيْ .

2- You the youth, as a tradition in each year, you go to participate in the Assyrian youth conference or convention regarding the affairs and matters pertaining the youth.

3- نَتِيْ قَكْتِيْ بِنْدِيْ ، جِ زَوَكْبِ هَلْ سَدِ مَدْمَبَهْ
لِيْجَهْ هَلْ دَتَبِ جَهْهَقِيْ بِنْدِيْ هَلْ وَجْهَهْ .

3- The new workers , go to another project to build new houses for sale.

Lesson 25 دُؤُتْ

هه دُؤُتْ دِمْكْ دُؤُتْ

Conjugation of VERB “GO” (Azel)

دُؤُتْ دِمْكْ هه دُؤُتْ (دُؤُتْ)

هه دُؤُتْ دِمْكْ

دُؤُتْ هه دُؤُتْ (هه دُؤُتْ دِمْكْ دُؤُتْ)

Present Continuous Tense for all persons
(Masculine and feminine in singular and plural form)

Present Continuous Tense دُؤُتْ دِمْكْ هه دُؤُتْ

For Masculine Singular **هَلْ دَجْدَتَّ سَدَّتْ**
لَتَّ يَلَوَّزْ مِهْ كَصَدُّعْ . **لَتَّ يَلَوَّزْ مِهْ**
كِيكْسَتَّ . **هَهْ يَلَوَّزْ كِهْ هَلْ دَهِيْدْ هَلْ لَسَهِيْدْ**

Present Continuous Tense **وَجَّتْ دَهِيْدْ هَمَكْدَتَّ**

For Feminine Singular **هَلْ يَهْصَلَّتْ سَدَّتْ**
*** لَتَّ يَلَوَّزْ مَهْ كَصَدُّعْ** .
*** لَتَّ يَلَوَّزْ مَهْ هَلْ أَهْبَهْ بِلَكْج** .
*** هَهْ يَلَوَّزْ كَهْ هَلْ دَهِيْدْ هَلْ بِلَكْج** .

وَجَّتْ دَهِيْدْ هَمَكْدَتَّ

Present Continuous Tense

هَلْ حَكْ فَدِّيَهِي :

(دَجْدَتَّ ، يَهْصَلَّتْ هِيْتَه)

For all persons (Masculine and feminine in plural)

لَسَبْ يَلَوَّزْ مَهْ هَلْ سَدَّ يَكْلَهْ دَهْمَهْمَه

أَسَافَ . يَزُوكَ . كَمَصَدَّ . فَا دَجَذِبَحَبَهْ .
تَوَهَّسَ دَنَمَكْ دَهْشَقْ زَعَدَّيْ .

أَبْ زَجَبَكَيَّ يَزُوكَ مَّا فَا خَبَمَ . خُزَكَ
دَحَمَ . دَزَمَكْ .

دَزَعْ Lesson 26

مَهْ ذَكَّ . دَمَكْ " زُوكْ "

تَوَهَّسَ دَجَذِبَحَبَهْ حَزَّ

Conjugation of verb "GO " (Azel)

Simple Past Tense.

Example مَهْ

فَا دَجَذَّتْ سَجَّتْ

For Masculine Singular

1: لَتْ جِ لَوَكْ شَوَّ حِيَّتْ دُكْبَمَمِبْ كِيَه
لُكْبَمَمَّ دُفِيذْ .

2: لَتْ جِ لَوَكْ شَوَّ كُفْدُخَّ دُفِيذْ جُفِيذْ
دُكْبَمَمَّ شَوَّ دُفِيذْ .

3: اَه جِ لَوَكْ شَوَّ حِيَّتْ دُكْبَمَمَّ كِيَه
لُكْبَمَمَّ هَ دُفِيذْ شَوَّ (لُفِيذْ) هَ
كُفِيذْ
(Instructor)

وَجْزْ دُفِيذْ حُذْ

Imperative Simple Past Tense

For Feminine Singular هَ يَمَمَمَّ سُدَّتْ

1: لَتْ جِ لَوَكْ شَوَّ خَ سَّابْ كِيَه
دُكْبَمَمَّ هَ دُكْبَمَمَّ شَوَّ دُفِيذْ هَ و
سَمَمَّ .

- 2: **لُتَهَبْ جِي لُؤْكَبْ شَوَّيْ خُيْ لُيْسَمْتَجِبْ تِيئَهْ**
دِجْجِيْذْ كِيْهْ دِيْجِيْ (Court) هَلْ دِيْكَفْهَبْ شَوَّيْ
دُشِيْجِيْ دِهِيْجِيْجِيْ (Lawyer)
- 3: **اَشْ جِي لُؤْكَبْ شَوَّيْ خُيْ سَهْ وَاَهْذَهْ هَلْ**
مُصِيْجِيْهْ اَهْ كُفْجِيْجِيْجِيْ جِيْجِيْ .

وَبِيْجِيْ دِجْجِيْذْ عَتْدِيْجِيْ

Imperative Simple Past Tense

هَلْ حَكْ فُجْجِيْهْ

(دِجْجِيْجِيْ , يِيْهْجِيْجِيْ هِيْجِيْجِيْ)

For all persons (Masculine and feminine in plural)

- 1: **لُيْسِيْ جِي لُؤْكَبْ شَوَّيْ لُيْجِيْ بِيْجِيْجِيْجِيْ حَكْ**
لُيْهْجِيْ دِيْجِيْجِيْ لُيْجِيْ كُجْجِيْجِيْ هَلْ اَذْجِيْجِيْجِيْ هَلْ
دِيْكَفْهَبْ شَوَّيْ سِيْجِيْجِيْجِيْ جِيْجِيْ .

1 : We used to go as a group every summer as scouts for two weeks to Learn how to live by ourselves in the mountain .

2: نُسَاهُ . جِئْتُوكُمْ . اَعَاكُمْ حَكْمًا نَّصَحًا دِيهًا
 نَحْمُ الْبَقِيَّةَ بِبَذَّةٍ هَجَةٍ . كِهْدًا لِفَيْدَةٍ
 نَدُّ الْكَلِّ .

3: اَبْ كَلَقَ فِي زُكْبِ شَوِّهِ حَ تَمَّ دَجَّةَ
 حَمَّ كَلِّهِ مَحْدَمَ تَلِّ دَمَّ شَوِّهِ
 مَمَّ تَلِّهِ تَمَّ دَمِّهِ مَمَّ شَوِّهِ مَحْدَمَ
 مَمَّ شَوِّهِ مَمَّ دَمِّهِ دَمَّ تَلِّهِ .

(Media)

(Poems)

Lesson 27 دُذَّتْ

هه ذُكَّتْ دِيكَلْ " دُود " (كَبَهْ دُ) هَلْ دُجْدُ
هِيصْبْ وَبْتْ مَسْمَكْ هَكْ مَسْمَكْ هه مَكْدُ :

Definition of verbal root “GO “ (Azel) action for masculine and feminine definite and indefinite and continuous tense.

دُكَلْ Zalta Going	دُكْ Zala Going	دُكْ Aza She goes	دُود Azel He goes
	دُكْتْ Azaneh The must be Going	دُكَلْ Azanta She must be Going	دُكْتْ Azana He must be Going

For indefinite past action and imperative mood in Present tense and Future Tense for masculine and feminine in plural.

مَنْ يُجِدْ دَلِيلًا، وَلَمْ يَهْدِ لَهُ

هَبْزَتِي (Mas. & Fem) in Plural Zolon هَبْزَكُم You "GO"	هَبْزَتِي Feminine Zol هَبْزَكِ You "GO"	هَبْزَتِي Masculine Zol هَبْزَكَ You "GO"
---	--	---

قَلْ وَجِبْ دُكْهَبْ ، وَتْ قَصْدْ

For imperative mood in Future Tense

هَبْزَتْ (Mas. & Fem.) in Plural Aziton زَوَكَبَهْ You "GO"	يَهْزَتْ Feminine Azat زَوَكَبْ You "GO"	دَجْزَتْ Masculine Azit زَوَكْ You "GO"
---	--	---

هَمْ ذَكَّزْ دِيكَلْ " زَوَكْ "

Conjugation of verb "GO" (Azel)

Simple Future Tense وَجِبْ دُكْهَبْ قَبْ

For Masculine Singular قَلْ دَجْزَتْ سَدَّتْ

Example هَمْ هَفْ

1: زَتْ حِيكَلْ دِيَهْ زَوَكْ يَتْ دِيَلْ

لَحَبْ دَلِيَهْ دَشْ دُكْهَبْ دُكْهَبْ دُكْهَبْ .

1: I heard that you will go the next year to the college to study agricultural engineering.

2: اِنَّكَ لَمِذْحٌ فِيْهِ تَوَكَّلْ اِنَّكَ دِيْارٌ كَبِيْرٌ
 يُّهَيَّأُ لَكَ فِيْهِ مَلَكٌ مِّنْ دِيْنِكَ دِيْقَةٌ
 حَقِيْقَةٌ

2 : You said that you will go the next semester to the university to teach physics.

[illegible]

3: He is preparing his studies to go to the University , Medical School , to take exam in order to obtain a certificate to practice the profession of medicine as a physician .

وَبَيْنَ ذَٰلِكَ فَتَنَ ۖ

Simple Future Tense

For Feminine Singular هَـ يَصْعَقُتْ سَدَّتْ

1: لَتَّ يَه لَوَكَب لُصَع دِيْلَآتْ لَحْبَآ

دَسْرَهَمَآ دَلَفَب دُشَّ دَاذَهَمَآ هَـ خَبَّ

(Children يَلْمِيتْ)

1: I will go the next semester to the Nursing college to study nutrition for children .

2: لَتَّ لَمِذَّج دِيَه لَوَكَب بُذَّ دَلَّ

مُسيِّذَمَآ كِيَه خَبَّ هَـ دُشَّوْكَج يَهَّ

دَلَّج دَقْلَمَآ خُصَمَآ .

2: You said that you will go the next month to visit the kindergarten to have experience how to work with them.

3: هَـ لَوَك يَّعَآ دَلَّآ لَحْبَآ دَلَهَمَآ

دَمِذَّ دَخِيَّتْ .

3: She will go the next year to medical school of ophthalmology .

وَبَّ دَمَب فَتَبَّ

Simple Future Tense

ܠܗ ܠܒ ܦܩܝܗܐ ܕܝܗ (ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ , ܝܡܠܐܢܐ)
(ܩܝܬܐܢܐ)

For all persons (Masculine and feminine in plural)

1: ܠܒܢܐ ܥܠܝܗ ܥܝܠܐ ܥܡܡܠܐܢܐ ܕܝܗ ܠܫܝܠܐ
ܥܝܠܐ ܕܠܝܬܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ ܥܝܠܐ ܕܥܠܝܗ
ܕܥܡܠܐܢܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ ܠܥܠܐܢܐ ܕܝܗ ܥܝܠܐ ܥܡܠܐܢܐ
ܠܗ ܡܠܝܬܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ .

1: We, the youth, decided that we will go the next summer to participate in youth meetings of Assyrian educational and discipline institution that will be held in Nineveh city .

2: ܠܒܢܐ ܥܠܝܗ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ ܝܗ ܠܫܝܠܐ ܠܥܠܐܢܐ
ܕܥܠܐܢܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ ܠܥܠܐܢܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ ܠܥܠܐܢܐ
ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ ܕܝܠܕܐܢܐ ܕܝܠܐܢܐ ܕܝܠܐܢܐ .

2: You, the group of arts, will go to Mar Narsai College of the Assyrian language to study the fine arts and graphic .

3: **أُتِبَ سَتْنُ إِجْلِيَّتْ دِيَّهْ هَمَّجْ دِيَّهْ يِهْ
 لَوَكْ تَتْبَهْ دَقَّجْ كَمَدِيَّتْ دِيْمَذَهْ هَلْ
 بَدَ مَهْ ذَنْجْ خَذَمَهْ بَدَ إِجْلِيَّتْ دِيَّهْ هَمَّجْ
 هَذَكْ .**

3: They are athletics of Nineveh Club , they will go in the next week to the city of Nimrud for a game against athletics of Sargon Club .

Lesson 28 **دُتْنُ**

هَمْ ذَنْجْ دِيْمَكْ " لَوَك "

Conjugation of verb "GO" (Azel)

وَبَتْنُ دِيْهْ بَدَ مَذْحِيَّتْ

Compound Future Tense

هَلْ دُجْدُتْنُ سَدُتْنُ

For Masculine Singular

1: I will be gone to school after two days when my uncle will come to visit my parents.

2: You will be gone to work on next Friday when your aunt's son and I will come to visit your brothers.

3: He will be gone (traveling) with his brother next month when us will visit his father and mother.

Compound Future Tense

قُلْ يٰمَعْشَرَ قَوْمٍ لَّيْسَ بِبِرَّكَ تَمْلِكُونَ الْمَرْءَ حُرًّا بِعَمَلِكُمُ الْوَالِدَافِئَاتِ

Example **بِهَقْ**

1: I will be gone next Monday to school to take the exam when you will be on vacation at the mountain of the city of Sarsang in the north the country .

2: You will be gone (traveling) next week when your sister and her husband will come to stay with your children .

3: **أَتَدْرِكُ أَهْلَ الْوَجْدِ تَعْمَلُ بِمَنْزِلِكَ
 لِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ جَدِيدٍ تَتَبَعُكَ دَرَجَةٌ زِيَادَةٍ فِي
 يَوْمِ مَسِيرَتِهِمْ قَدْ .**

3: She will be gone to work in her new job for her first day in the next week when you will be visiting us.

وَبَيِّنْ دُرُجَتَهُ مَذْهَبًا

Compound Future Tense

**قَدْ حَلَّ قَدْرُهُ فِي دُرَجَتِهِ هِيَ صَدَقَتْ
 (فِي تَتَابُعِهِ)**

For all persons (Masculine and feminine in plural)

1: **أَتَسْبِيحُ يَوْمَ الْوَجْدِ تَتَبَعُكَ دَرَجَةٌ قَدْ
 مَحْبُوسَةً قَدْ يَهْدِي تَعْمَلُ زِيَادَةً فِي
 أَهْلِهِمْ كَمَا هُوَ .**

1: We will be gone in the next week for vacation for ten days when you will be traveling.

2: **أَتَسْبِيحُ دُرَجَتُهُ هِيَ أَهْلُهُمْ وَبَيِّنْ**

1: (DISEASE) THAT DISEASES. DISEASE
 WILL BE GONE TO COLLEGE SCHOOL
 OF (COMPUTER) TO LEARN THE NEW ADVANCED LESSONS WHEN
 WE WILL BE FINISHED THE BEGINNING LESSONS IN THE MONTH OF
 JULY

2: You, males and females, will be gone to college school of (computer) to learn the new advanced lessons when we will be finished the beginning lessons in the month of July

3: THESE WORKERS OF HOUSING CONSTRUCTION WILL BE GONE IN
 THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER TO BUILD A NEW BUILDING, THEY
 WILL BE REPLACED WITH NEW WORKERS.

3: These workers of housing construction will be gone in the month of September to build a new building, they will be replaced with new workers.

Lesson 29 دُؤْتَن

Example verb EAT (akhel) اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ

Simple Present Tense اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ

For Masculine Singular اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ

اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ . اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ . اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ .

For Feminine Singular اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ

اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ . اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ . اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ .

اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ (اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ ، اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ)

(اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ)

For all Persons (Masculine and feminine in plural)

اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ . اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ . اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ .
اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ اَكْهَلْ .

Note **حَدَّثَ**

مِثْلَهُ "أَجِدَ" فِي خِيَارِهِ هُوَ حَبْ فَتَقْرَأُ فِي
 حُجَّتِهِ دَقَائِرَ هَمِّكَ تَنْ (إِصْبَاتِهِ)
 وَهُوَ فِي أَهْلِهِ فَدَمَكَ "2" فِي قَسَمِهِ
 حَبِيبُهُ إِصْبَاتُهُ .

Note: verb “Eat” (Akhel) does not change in all Persons in Present Continuous Tense.

Also, the first letter "ז" of verb (Akhel) is always written .

Example **بِهَيْفَ**

For Masculine Singular **لَمْ يَجِدْكَ لَمْ يَخْلُقْكَ**

لَا تَبِ يَجْزِيهِ . نَحْ يَجْزِيهِ ،
نَحْ يَجْزِيهِ .

For Feminine Singular **لَمْ يَمْلِكْ سَجْدَ**

تَنْ يَجْزُ هـ . نَهْ يَجْزُ هـ .
هـ يَجْزُ هـ .

لَ حَبْ فَذِيهِ دَجْزَتَ ، يَصْأَتَ
(هَيْتَ)

For all Persons (Masculine and feminine in plural)

نَسْبُ يَجْزُ هـ . نَسْهـ . يَجْزُ هـ .
نَبْ يَجْزُ هـ .

وَبْتَ دُعِبْ كَرِهْ ذَلْ كَتَّزَ
لَ دَجْزَتَ سَجَّتَ

Imperative Simple Past Tense for Masculine Singular

تَنْ حَ نَجِي هـ . نَهْ حَ نَجِي هـ .
هـ حَ نَجِد هـ .

For Feminine Singular لَ يَصْأَتَ سَجَّتَ

اَللّٰهُمَّ اِنِّىْ اَسْـَٔلُكَ بِاَنَّكَ اَكْبَرُ مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ . اِنِّىْ اَسْـَٔلُكَ بِاَنَّكَ اَكْبَرُ مِنْ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ .

مَنْ حَبَّ فَقِيرَهُ دَجَّدَتْهُ ، يَمَسُّهُ
(فُتْنَةٌ)

For all Persons (Masculine and Feminine in plural)

اِسْمُ جِي جِيْكَ اِسْمُ . اِسْمُ . جِي جِيْكَ اِسْمُ .
 اِسْمُ . اِسْمُ . جِي جِيْكَ اِسْمُ .

Note حمّٰدٌ

[illegible]

As the same order above of verb conjugation,

the first letter "أ" is always written, such as أَ for all

Persons and all Tenses.

Masculine Singular , Feminine Singular ,
and Plural .

Lesson 30 دُتُّ

Verb. "achem" (shut or close) أَكَلَ أَكَلُ

* أَكَلْتُ أَكَلْتُ أَكَلْتُ . أَكَلْتُ أَكَلْتُ أَكَلْتُ .
أَكَلْتُ أَكَلْتُ أَكَلْتُ .

* ʔʔ ʔʕʕʕ ʕʕ . ʔʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ ʕʕʕ
 ʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ ʕʕʕ .

* ʔʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ ʕʕ . ʔʕʕ . ʔʕʕʕʕ
 ʕʕʕʕ . ʔʕ ʔʕʕʕʕ . ʕʕʕʕ .

Verb “amer” (say) ʕʕʕ ʔʕʕ

* ʔʔ ʔʕʕʕ , ʔʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ , ʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ .

* ʔʔ ʔʕʕʕ , ʔʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ . ʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ .

* ʔʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ , ʔʕʕ . ʔʕʕʕʕ , ʔʕ ʔʕʕʕ .

Verb “aser” (bind, tie together) ʕʕʕ ʔʕʕ

* ʔʔ ʔʕʕʕ ʔʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ ʕʕʕ ʕʕ ʔʕ

ʕʕ ʕʕʕ ʕʕ .

* ʔʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ . ʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ .

* ʔʔ ʔʕʕʕ . ʔʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ . ʕʕ ʔʕʕʕ .

* اُنْسَبْ اَمْعِدْ . اُنْسَهْ . اَمْعِدْجَهْ . اُنْبْ اَمْعِدْهْ .

* اُنْاَهْ يَحْكَمْ اَبْدَهْ دُذْبَعْلْ صُفْدَهْ
هَلْهَبْذَكَمْ صُفْدْ .

You (for masculine) rubbed your wounded hand with ointment and covered with woven fabric .

مِكْلْ اَمْعِدْ Verb “aqesh” (be cold)

* اُنْاَهْ اَمْعِدْجَبْ مِ اَمْعِدْ اَمْعِدْجَبْ .

You (for Feminine) caught cold and became sick.

°

* اَهْ اَمْعِدْجَهْ مِ مَبْ اَمْعِدْ .

She caught cold from cold water .

Lesson 31 دُذُّنْ

Verb “remember” دُجِدْ

Definite Past Tense دُجِدْ مَسْمُكْ

For Masculine Singular دُجِدْتَنْ

1 : لَتَنْ دُجِدْبَ اَهْ تَهْمَكْ بَدَمَكْ دَلْوَكْ

كُفِدْتَنْ بَدَمَكْ (Elementary school)

لَتَه دُجِدْبَ . اَه دُجِدْبَ .

For Feminine Singular دُجِدْتَنْ يَسْمَكْ

2 : لَتَنْ دُجِدْبَ تَهْمَكْ كَذِبْ دُفَكْمَدِبْ

دَسَبْ كَذِبْ .

لَتَه دُجِدْبَ . اَه دُجِدْبَ .

لَتَنْ حَكْ فُتِيَه : دُجِدْتَنْ ، يَسْمَكْ

فُيْتَنْ .

For all persons : Masculine, Feminine in
Plural .

3 : اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ يَّئْ

(Diplome اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ

/Certificate) اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ .

اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ . اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ .

Simple Present Tense اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ

For Masculine Singular اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ

1: اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ . اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ .

For Feminine Singular اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ

2: اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ . اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ .

اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ .

اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ : اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ ،

اُنْسَبْ لَكُهَقْ دِيَهْ يَّوَهْ دِجْذْ .

3: اُنْسِبْ جِ دُجْدُب . اُنْسَهْ . جِ دُجْدِبَهْ .
 اُنْب جِ دُجْدُب .

Simple Future Tense وَبَنْ دُكُهْدُ فَبَنْ

For Masculine Singular صَ دُجْدُتَنْ سَدُتَنْ

1: اُنْ يَه دُجْدُ . اُنْ دُتَنْ دُتَنْ فَبَنْ ت فَبَنْ
 اُنْ دُجْدُ دُتَنْ دُتَنْ دُتَنْ دُتَنْ .
 اُنْ يَه دُجْدُ . اُنْ يَه دُجْدُ .

For Feminine Singular صَ يَسَدُتَنْ سَدُتَنْ

2: اُنْ يَه دُجْدُب . اُنْ يَه دُجْدُب .
 اُنْ يَه دُجْدُ .

صَ حُك فُتْهْ : دُجْدُتَنْ ، يَسَدُتَنْ
 هُتَنْ

3: اُنْسِبْ يَه دُجْدُب . اُنْسَهْ . يَه دُجْدِبَهْ .
 اُنْب يَه دُجْدُب .

Lesson 32 دُذَّتْ

Verb "ateh" (come) اَهْ اَهْ

1: اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ .

2: اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ .

اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ (اَهْ اَهْ)

اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ

Conjugation of verb "Come" (Ateh)

Example اَهْ اَهْ

Simple Present Tense اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ

For Masculine Singular اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ

1: اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ

اَهْ اَهْ .

2: اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ اَهْ .

3: اَنَّهُ جِي لِي لِي كَتَبْتُ هُنَا بِمَكْتَبِي

(Afternoon) جِي لِي / جِي لِي

Simple Present tense جِي لِي كَتَبْتُ

For Feminine Singular جِي لِي كَتَبْتُ

1: لِي جِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي

لِي لِي لِي لِي

2: لِي لِي جِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي

لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي

3: اَنَّهُ جِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي

Simple Present Tense جِي لِي كَتَبْتُ

لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي لِي

(لِي لِي لِي)

For all Persons (Masculine and Feminine in Plural)

1: ܐܡܢܝܢ ܒܫܬܝܢ ܕܡܠܟܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ
 ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ
 ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ .

1: We , the Art group , come to visit you to participate
 with you the commemoration of the Assyrian New Year
 at the hall of the Association .

2: ܐܡܢܝܢ ܒܫܬܝܢ ܕܡܠܟܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ
 ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ
 ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ .

2: You , our relatives , come to visit us to participate with
 us the Holy Feast of Nativity (the Birth of our Lord
 Jesus Christ) .

3: ܐܡܢܝܢ ܒܫܬܝܢ ܕܡܠܟܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ
 ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ
 ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ ܕܝܗܘܕܝܢ .

Lesson 33 دُتُتْ

هه دُتُتْ دُتُتْ " دُتُتْ "

(دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ)

Conjugation of verb " Rakhish"

(walking/moving on foot, wandering , Go , Creep)

Example دُتُتْ

Definite Past Tense دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ

For Masculine Singular دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ

1: دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ

دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ .

دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ . دُتُتْ دُتُتْ .

For Feminine Singular دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ

2: دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ

دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ دُتُتْ .

1. **דַּיִטְגֶּבְךָ שֶׁכָּבֹד הוּא עִמָּךְ**
בִּיָּה מִדָּתְךָ לְבִשְׁהֶם .

2. **דַּיִטְגֶּבְךָ שֶׁכָּבֹד הוּא עִמָּךְ (תּוֹד)**
יִוָּבֵן דְּעִתְךָ שֶׁכָּבֹד הוּא עִמָּךְ יִדָּבֵן .

3. **כָּבֹד עֲדִיפֶהָ : דְּדָתְךָ הִיא עִמָּךְ**
מִתְּנֶה .

For all persons: (Masculine and feminine in plural)

4. **זֶה הַכָּבֹד דַּיִטְגֶּבְךָ הוּא עִמָּךְ דְּכָבֹדְךָ**
בְּכָבֹד .

5. **זֶה הַכָּבֹד דַּיִטְגֶּבְךָ לִיָּה יִפֶּה (Museum)**

6. **זֶה הַכָּבֹד דַּיִטְגֶּבְךָ הוּא עִמָּךְ מִתְּנֶה (Club)**
מִדָּתְךָ זֶה הַכָּבֹד דְּדָתְךָ זֶה הַכָּבֹד

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ \ مَسَدَد .

وَبِئْسَ دِينًا هَذَا

Present Continuous Tense

For Masculine Singular هُوَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا

1: هُوَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هُوَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هُوَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا .

هُوَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هُوَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هُوَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا .

For Feminine Singular هِيَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا

2: هِيَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هِيَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هِيَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا .

هُوَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا : هِيَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هِيَ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا .

For all persons : (Masculine and Feminine in Plural)

1: هُمْ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هُمْ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا . هُمْ يَجْعَلُ سَدَدًا .

Lesson 34 دُذَّيْ

ههْ دُذَّيْ : ههْ دُذَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ " دُحَّيْ "
(دُحَّيْ) دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ
دُذَّيْ 4 دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ (دُحَّيْ) .

Note: the rule of writing verb “Ascend” is always written with its 4 original letters, such as: دُحَّيْ

Conjugation of verb “Ascend” (Aseq)
(to move upward, to rise, to climb)

ههْ دُذَّيْ دُحَّيْ " دُحَّيْ "

Definite Past Tense دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ

1- دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ
دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ .

1 – I ascended to the highest level of the university for this semester .

2- دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ دُحَّيْ

دَقْلَهْ لِيْذَنَ دَلْشَ ذَهْمَا .

2 – You ascended walking at this route to arrive to the north of this hill .

نَاَهْ لَهْكَهْمَ ، اَهْ لَهْكَهْمَ ، اَهْ لَهْكَهْمَ .
 نَسَبْ لَهْكَهْمَ ، نَسَبْ لَهْكَهْمَ ،
 نَبْ لَهْكَهْمَ .

لَهْكَهْمَ لَهْكَهْمَ لَهْكَهْمَ دَجْدْ يَسَبْ Participle Mood feminine masculine لَهْكَهْمَ لَهْكَهْمَ Asqanta Asqana وَلْ قَهْدْ لْ دَجْدْ هِيَسَبْ هِيَسَبْ Imperative Mood for masculine & feminine in plural لَهْكَهْمَ Soqoun	لَهْكَهْمَ لَهْكَهْمَ لَهْكَهْمَ يَسَبْ Continuous Tense , for feminine لَهْكَهْمَ Saqta وَلْ قَهْدْ لْ يَسَبْ Imperative Mood for feminine لَهْكَهْمَ Soqe	لَهْكَهْمَ لَهْكَهْمَ لَهْكَهْمَ دَجْدْ Continuous Tense , for masculine لَهْكَهْمَ Saqa وَلْ قَهْدْ لْ دَجْدْ Imperative Mood for masculine لَهْكَهْمَ Soqe
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Simple Present Tense **وَبَتَّ دَهِيَّ حَتَّ**

For Masculine Singular **هَلْ دَجْدَتَّ سَدَّتْ**

1: **لَتَّ جِ لَهَكِي لَتَّ ذَهَمَّ حَك تَهَمَّ هَلْ**
دَسَّ سَبَدَّتْ دَجَب يَدَشَّ مَتَّ.

2: **لَتَّ جِ لَهَكِي لَتَّ هَمَّ حَك يَهَدَّ **

قَدَمَّ (Morning)

3: **هَلْ جِ لَهَكِي لَهَمَّ جِ سَبَدَّ لَهَكِي**
دَبَّ هَلْ هَلْ هَلْ (ski) جَد هَلْ .

Simple Present tense **وَبَتَّ دَهِيَّ حَتَّ**

For Feminine Singular **هَلْ يَهَتَّتْ دَجْدَتَّتْ**

1: **لَتَّ جِ لَهَكِي لَهَمَّ دَكَّ جَد هَمَّ**
هَمَّ دَجَّ لَهَكِي لَهَمَّ هَمَّ .

2: ٲٲٲ ٲ ٲٲٲٲ ٲ ٲٲ ٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲٲ
 ٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲ
 ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲ .

3: ٲٲ ٲ ٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲ ٲٲٲٲ ٲٲ
 ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲ ٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲ
 ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲ .

ٲٲ ٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲٲ: ٲٲٲٲٲ, ٲٲٲٲٲٲ
 (ٲٲٲٲٲٲ)

For all persons: (Masculine and feminine
 in plural)

1: ٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲٲ ٲ ٲٲٲٲٲٲٲٲ
 ٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲ ٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲ
 ٲٲٲٲٲٲ ٲٲٲٲٲٲ .

1: You , the athletic youth, you go up to the mountain
 every summer with your instructor for athletic training .

2: نُسَبُّ نَكْهَقْ جِ نْهَكْبَسْ كَسْجْ ذَهْمَهْ نْجْ
 دَلَبْ بَدْ يِهْ هَمَجْ دَهْسِيْ هْ مْجَهْ
 هَسْهْ .

2: we , the students , we go up the hill where there is a club for swimmers that teaches swimming .

3: نْجْ مْجْ بَسْتِيْ بَهْجْ جِ نْهَكْبَسْ كَهْمْجْ
 دَلَبْ دَهْمَهْ هْ مْجْ هَكْمَجْ نْجْ كَدَهْقْ (scout) .

3: they are young groups , they go up to the mountain in winter season for training as scouts .

هْ وَجْجْ دَهْيْ هَمْعَدْتْ

Present Continuous Tense

هْ حَبْ فَدْيَهْ : دَجْدْتْ , يَهْسَتْ

(هَيْتْ)

For all persons: (masculine and feminine in plural)

3 : نُسَبُّ يَهْكَلْ هْ . نْهَهْ . يَهْكَلْ
 هْ . نْجْ يَهْكَلْ مْ .

Lesson 35 دَذَنْ

هه دَذَنْ دِيكَلَه " فُحِيَه "

Conjugation of verb "forget" (Mansheh)

هَلْ حَك فَذِيَهِيَه: دِجَذَنْ , يَمَسَقَنْ

For all persons: (Masculine and feminine)

Simple Present Tense وَجَنْ دِيَهِيَه كَذَنْ

1: أَنْ جِي فُحِيَه . أَنْ جِي فُحِيَه .

أَه جِي فُحِيَه .

2 : أَنْ جِي فُحِيَه . أَنْ جِي فُحِيَه .

أَه جِي فُحِيَه .

3 : أَنْ جِي فُحِيَه . أَنْ جِي فُحِيَه .

أَه جِي فُحِيَه .

Present Continuous Tense وَجَنْ دِيَهِيَه هه كَذَنْ

1 : ٲَٲَٲَ ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ . ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .
ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .

2 : ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ . ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .
ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .

3 : ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ . ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .
ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .

Definite Simple Past Tense ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ

1 : ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ . ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .
ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .

2 : ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ . ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .
ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .

3 : ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ . ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .
ٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَٲَ .

Present Participle (active) **مَنْشِيْهٌ**

Masculine “manshiyana” **مَنْشِيْهٌ**

Feminine “manshiyanta” **مَنْشِيْهَةٌ**

Feminine (Continuous Tense) **مَنْشِيْهَةٌ**

“manshaita” **مَنْشِيْهَةٌ**

Lesson 36 **دُخْتُ**

Conjugation of verb “Bring” **دُخْتُ**

(**تُخِذُ دُخْتُ**)

Action (cause) to bring something with .

Example

Simple Present Tense

For Masculine Singular

1 : أَنَا فِي الْمَسَاءِ أَصِلُ بِكِ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ

(Dictionary)

1- I bring with me the dictionary book .

2 : أَنَا فِي الْمَسَاءِ أَصِلُ بِكِ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ .

3 : أَنَا فِي الْمَسَاءِ أَصِلُ بِكِ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ

(Museums) أَنَا فِي الْمَسَاءِ أَصِلُ بِكِ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ .

For Feminine Singular

1 : أَنَا فِي الْمَسَاءِ أَصِلُ بِكِ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ

(Library) أَنَا فِي الْمَسَاءِ أَصِلُ بِكِ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ .

2 : أَنَا فِي الْمَسَاءِ أَصِلُ بِكِ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ

(Literature) أَنَا فِي الْمَسَاءِ أَصِلُ بِكِ دِيCTIONARY-كِتَابَ .

3 : اَنب حِن فُصَلَّتْ اَنب اُفَدَتْ حَلَّتْ دِنْدِجَكُهْ

اَنب اُفَدَتْ اُفَدَتْ (Architects) (Architecture)

اَنب دِجْدَتْ ، اُفَدَتْ فُفَتْ

For Masculine and Feminine in Plural

1 : اُنْب حِن فُصَلَّتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ (اُفَدَتْ)

اُنْب اُفَدَتْ Athletics

1-We bring with us athletics clothing .

2 : اُنْب حِن فُصَلَّتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ .
دِنْدِجَكُهْ .

3 : اُنْب حِن فُصَلَّتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ .
دِنْدِجَكُهْ .

Simple Past Tense اُنْب اُفَدَتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ

1 : اُنْب اُفَدَتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ اُنْب اُفَدَتْ .
اُنْب اُفَدَتْ .

2 : ئَنَ مەسەيەلەمە ئىمە ئىمە ، كەدە
 كەمەدە .

3 : ئە مەسەيەلەمە ئىمە ئىمە ، ئىمە
 دەمەمە ئىمە .

For Feminine Singular ئە مەسەيەلەمە

1 : ئە مەسەيەلەمە ئىمە ئىمە ، ئىمە
 ئىمە .

2 : ئە مەسەيەلەمە ئىمە ئىمە ، ئىمە
 ئىمە .

3 : ئە مەسەيەلەمە ئىمە ئىمە ، ئىمە
 ئىمە .

ئە مەسەيەلەمە ، ئىمە

For Masculine and feminine in plural

1 : ئە مەسەيەلەمە ئىمە ئىمە ، ئىمە

2 : اُنْهَ . مَهْأَيَّكْجَه . بْخَهجَه . حَهْجَ
دَهْذَي مْصَلَكْ .

3 : اُنْج مَهْأَيَّكْشَه . بْخَهتَه حَهْجَ دَهْهْذَيَّ
دَهْذَيَّجْ دَهْجَيَّذْ .

Simple Future Tense وَبَيَّ دَهْجَهْجْ مَهْأَيَّ

For Masculine Singular هَ دَجْذَتَّ سَدَّتَّ

1 : اُنْجَ اَهْ مَهْأَيَّ بْخَه بْجَلَهْ هَ هْذَهْ
دَهْجَلَهْ .

2 : اُنْهَ اَهْ مَهْأَيَّ بْخَهجْ مَهْجْ هَهْجْ هَ
بْجَكَيَّ .

3 : اَهْ اَهْ مَهْأَيَّ بْخَهسْ هَهْذَيَّ هَ اُنْجَهْ
دَهْجَكَيَّ .

For Feminine Singular هَ يَهْأَيَّ سَدَّتَّ

3: اُحِبَّ إِلَهُكَ مُلْكًا مُخْتَصًّا بِكَ، وَهَذِهِ
مَخْلُوقَاتِكَ مِنْ دَوْلِكَ .

Lesson 37 دُتُّ

بِحَبْلِ مَيْمَنِي كَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ
 كَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ
 كَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ
 كَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ
 كَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ
 كَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ ، وَكَذَبَ الْفُتُورَانِ

The verbs of three letters that start with “*zao-aa*” *zqaa-pa* and with letter **2** at the end of the word , are always written with their three original letters for all persons : Past Tense (Past definite , certain)

Example **بموقف**

Verb "BUILD" Definite Past Tense

مَكَّنَ "كَيَّ" وَبَنَى دَخَلَ مَسَّ

1 : لَقِيَ حَيَّكَ بَنَى حَسَّ بَدَأَ صَدَّقَ دَخَسَ ذَلَّ
دَمَلَهُ .

لَقِيَ حَيَّكَهْ ، لَقِيَ حَيَّكِيْهْ ، هَجَذَكَ .

2 : لَقِيَ حَيَّكَ ، لَقِيَ حَيَّكَج ، لَقِيَ حَيَّكَهْ .

3 : لَقِيَ حَيَّكَ ، لَقِيَ حَيَّكَجَهْ ، لَقِيَ حَيَّكَجَهْ ، لَقِيَ حَيَّكَهْ .

دَخَلَ Throw , pour	كَيَّ Reveal , disclose	تَخَذَ Create	كَيَّ Build
تَوَى Bake	تَجَّى Jump , bound, Leap	تَوَّى Sleep	تَوَّى See , look
مَكَّنَ Be able , can , Prevail	مَكَّنَ Wipe , erase	مَكَّنَ Fill , be enough	مَكَّنَ Sin , transgress

أَيَّ Repeat , reiterate	قَيَّ Break , to separate into parts	فَيَّ fry	يَيَّ Descend , go down
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Lesson 38 دُذَّتْ

مِهْذَنَّا دِبْدَحَمَّ مَيَّ جِي جَذِبْ جَأْهَأْ "م"
لَّ حَبْ وَجَيَّ: دُحَبْذْ ، قَيَّزْ ، دُحَبْجْ هَقَّ
حَبْ فَذَيَّهَيَّ : دُجَذَّتْ ، يَسْأَلَتْ .

Conjugation of few of many verbs that start with
letter “meem” **م** are written for all tenses : Past ,
Present and Future , and , for all Persons Masculine ,
Feminine .

Example **جَهَوَّ**

Feed , give to eat , cause to be eaten **يَكَلَّ مَزَجَد**

Book 3, 2026

وَجَزَّ ذَكَرَ مَسْمَرًا (فَتَبَّكَ)

Verb: 'Eat' Definite Past Tense

For Masculine Singular هَزَّ ذَكَرَ سَجَّكَ

1 : هَزَّ مَزَّجَبَ نَسَبَ وَكَذَّ مَزَّجَكَ
تَبَّكَ .

نَسَبَ مَزَّجَكَ . هَزَّ مَزَّجَكَ .

For Feminine Singular هَزَّ يَسَبَّكَ سَجَّكَ

2 : هَزَّ مَزَّجَبَ . نَسَبَ مَزَّجَبَ .
نَسَبَ مَزَّجَكَ .

هَزَّ ذَكَرَ ، يَسَبَّكَ هَزَّكَ

For Masculine, Feminine in Plural

3 : نَسَبَ مَزَّجَبَ . نَسَبَ مَزَّجَكَ .
نَسَبَ مَزَّجَكَ .

Simple Present Tense وَجَزَّ ذَكَرَ فَتَبَّكَ

For Masculine Singular **قَدْ دَجَذَّتْ سَدَّتْ**

1 : **لَتْ جِ فُجَجِي . لَتْه جِ فُجَجِيه .**

هه جِ فُجَجِد .

2 : **لَتْ جِ فُجَجُك . لَتْه جِ فُجَجُكه .**

هه جِ فُجَجُك .

3 : **لُسْجِي جِ فُجَجُك . لُسْهه جِ فُجَجُكه .**

لُج جِ فُجَجُك .

وَبَتْ دَقِيْ هَمَحَذَّتْ

Continuous Present Tense

For Masculine Singular **قَدْ دَجَذَّتْ سَدَّتْ**

1 : **لَتْ فُجَجِيْ . لَتْه فُجَجِيْه .**

هه فُجَجِيْ .

For Feminine Singular **قَدْ يَصْعَدَتْ سَدَّتْ**

2 : **لَتْ فُجَجِيْ . لَتْه فُجَجِيْه .**

أَمَّ مُنْجِيْكَ مَكَّةَ .

لَمْ يَجِدْكَ ، يَسْأَلُكَ ، فَيَنْتَبِهْ

For Masculine, Feminine in Plural

3 : لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ . لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ .
لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ .

Simple Future Tense لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ

For Masculine Singular لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ

1 : لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ . لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ .
لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ .

For Feminine Singular لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ

2 : لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ . لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ .
لَمْ يَجِدْكَ مَكَّةَ .

لَمْ يَجِدْكَ ، يَسْأَلُكَ ، فَيَنْتَبِهْ

For Masculine , Feminine in Plural

3 : نُسَخِ يَه فَجَاجِس . نُسَه . يَه فَجَاجِه .
عَب يَه فَجَاجِب .

Lesson 39 دُخْتُ

General Note **مَعْلُومَاتُ عَمَمٍ**

فَوَسَّوْا فِيهِمْ خُذْ يُحْيِي دَقِّيقَ دَلَّوْا حَلَّوْا
كَبَلَّوْا حَقَّوْا يَسْقُو دَبَّكَوْا دَجَّوْا قَسَب

eih حَبَقْزَاوْهْ ك

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ
بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

ܕܡܥܬܐܢ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ
 ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ dictionary
 ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ܕܡܥܬܐ ؟

I am adding to the above lessons of this book three a special set of

words (to name few of many) that are written with letter ܕ

with their vocabulary (derivative) words .

This set of words will be helpfull to the student due to the
overwhelming majority of the students don't have an Assyrian language

dictionary to know which words are written with letter *eih* ܕ

Example ܕܡܥܬܐ

كَبَدٌ Act , doing	كَبَدٌ Habit , tradition	كِبْدَانٌ Church , Congregation	كِبْدَانٌ Celebration , festival
كَمَدٌ Help , aid , assistance	كَبَدَةٌ Activity , performance	كَمِيحٌ Amative , full of love	كَبْدَانٌ Servant
كَمَدٌ Memory , remembrance	كَيْفِيَّةٌ Wonder, astonish	كِبْدَانٌ Hebrew	كَبَدٌ Passing by , To go by, through
كَمَدٌ Deep , deph	كَمَدٌ Power, strength , physical ability	كَمْبَانٌ Anthem , hymn , Chant	كَمَدٌ Transference , removal , conveyance
كِبْدَانٌ Fragrance , perfume , Sweet odor	كِبْدَانٌ Ring , loop worn on the finger	كَمَدٌ ، كَمَدٌ People, population	كَبْدَانٌ Dear, esteemed , with great affiction
كَمَدٌ Store house	كَمَدٌ Wool (next to cotton)	كَمَدَانٌ Aunt	كَمَدٌ Dwell, permanent residence
		كَمَدَانٌ Soil , earth	

مَحْدٌ Baptism	حَدٌّ Habit , custom	جَلَّتْ Gust , a sudden wind , squall	حَدَّ Decease , depart from this life
جَلَّتْ Prelate , an ecclesiastic of , superior rank , Pontif	جَمَعَ جَمْعٌ Along the side of , going or marching with or together	جَدَّ Deceiving , cheating	جَبَلٌ Cloud
يَكْمَهُ Highness , rank , the state of being high	يَكْتَبُ Supreme , highest in place	جَبَلٌ دَهْبٌ Spring of water , the source of a stream from earth	جَبْتٌ Shame , that causes a sensation of guilt
يَكْلَهُ Cause , reason	جُلَيْمٌ Youth , a young man	جَبَلٌ Spring of water	جَبْتٌ Eye , the organ of sight or vision
يَسْدُ Root , Subterranean of a plant	كَبِطٌ To press , crush by force to extract something	جَبْتٌ Grapes	جَبْدٌ Store-house , or repository for grain
يَهْدُ Number ten	جَبَلٌ Narrow , not wide	جَهْدٌ Difficult , hard to do	كَبَبٌ Compel , oppress tyrant

كَبَدٌ Tribe , a social group of people of the same race , beliefs , customs , and language	كَبَدٌ To put off going or coming , to retard	كَبَدٌ ، كَبَدٌ To flee , run away	كَبَدٌ Paradise
كَبَدٌ Past , former time	كَبَدٌ ، كَبَدٌ Number four 4 , or Wednesday	كَبَدٌ Goat	كَبَدٌ Land
كَبَدٌ Arm of the body from shoulder to the hand	كَبَدٌ Living chick	كَبَدٌ Rich , wealthy , have an abundance of properties	كَبَدٌ Old , to bcome out of date
كَبَدٌ Vowel sound , mark , accent , movementnt ,	كَبَدٌ Farming , agriculture	كَبَدٌ Frightened , fear , cowerd	كَبَدٌ Appointment , engagement , promise
كَبَدٌ Taste	كَبَدٌ Search , seek	كَبَدٌ ، كَبَدٌ Drown , sink under water	كَبَدٌ Shout , yell loud
كَبَدٌ Breakfast	كَبَدٌ Egg	كَبَدٌ Want , desire	كَبَدٌ Swallow , absorb

رَكْعَةً Request , petition	خَدَعْتَنِي Intimate , familiar , Friendship	دُمُوعَةٍ Tears from eye	ثَوْدَ Pierce , perforate, to make a hole through
تَلْفَعَةً Throat	خَذَّ Shave	إِهْتَمَافَ ،	حَرْبَةً Crop of any plant
دَنَّةً ،	حَيَّ	إِهْمَ Vomit	حَمْلَتَ Load , to carry
دِهْكَةً Sweat , perspire	حَنَى Bend , curving	إِصْنَةً Collecting , assembling	إِصْدَ To collect , assemble
يَعْمَلَةً Meeting , to get together	يَعْمَلَةً A group of people	نَجْدَةً Knowledge	نَجِدَ Know
لَكْمَةً Chew	لَكْوَةً Dialect , vowel sound	فُجْدَنْةً Announcement , notification	فُجِدَ Causing to do
فُكْلَةً Known , evident	مُجِدِّتَ Helper , assistant	مُهِدْنَةً Introduce , preface	مُكْتَبَةً Meaning
مُخَذَّبَةً West , the point on the left where the sun sunsets	مُخَذَّبَةً Congregation , Diocese	مُخَيِّدَتَ Baptizer	

فُؤِچِد Frighten , fear, scare فُكُصِد Intellectual فُكُن Laborer , worker (one who does physical work) فُؤِچِد Revile , To disgrace with bad wors , To curse دُكُن Mind , feeling , have an opinion عُكُن Coughing	فُكُن (maaya) Intesting , bowl هَكُهْ دُن A person who takes care of the Church building and vessels چِذُن A branch of the main stem of a plant , a bud فُؤِچِد Dye , to stain دُكُن Shepherd , pastoral with religious guidance جُبهْ دُن Week	تُكِر Stink , bite مِرُكُن Intermediate فُكُهْ Branch (part of stem . or a member part of a body) فُؤِچِد Craft , art of skill دُهْ كُن Quadrantal , Quarter of جُكُن Number 7 تُكِر Hear , listen	فُكُن Sickness , illness فُكُصِد Habitation , dwelling هُكُهْ Watch / clock فُؤِچِد Pay فُكُن Finger فُكُن Fortress دُكِر Awake , state of vigilance
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Example ١٥٦

١٥٦ Wedding ceremony, nuptial festivities	١٥٦ Bless	١٥٦ The first born child (the first in the order of nativity)	١٥٦ Eat ١٥٦ Eating
١٥٦ Remembrance , in memory of , sacrifice which is burned on the alter	١٥٦ Women , female	١٥٦ Weep , cry	١٥٦ Architect
١٥٦ Gentle , Mild of temper	١٥٦ Becoming clean , Purify	١٥٦ Masculine , male	١٥٦ How , what manner
١٥٦ Gentle , Mild of temper	١٥٦ Becoming clean , Purify	١٥٦ Here , in this place	١٥٦ Sleep
١٥٦ Soft , tender	١٥٦ Star	١٥٦ Cover with a shroud	١٥٦ Long , of great extent
١٥٦ In this manner , as indicated	١٥٦ Counsellor , Adviser	١٥٦ Angel	١٥٦ Restrain , to hold back , withhold

قَذَج Rub , scrub	فَجَج Stupid , foolish يَجَج Propoasal of marriage , Gift before marriage	تَجَج Ashamed , bashful تَجَج Spill , shed, pour	مَجَذَّ Stranger , foreigner دُجَلَهْ Pharmacy
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Lesson 40 دُذَّجْ

For reading مَذَّجْ

هَكَبْ دَكْجَهْ مَجَلَهْ يَتَّجْ تَعَذَّ هَعَذَّ
كَهْ تَجَصَّ يَكْذَّ تَسَمَّ مَذَّجَهْ
تَعَذَّ عَذَبَّهْ تَجَّ وَجَّ دِيَلْذَهْ جَدَّ
عَذَبَّهْ مَذَّجْ دُذَّجْ دُجَلَهْ
(Diaspora)

ܡܝܬܝܢ ܡܕܢܐ ܕܚܝܬܐ ܡܝܬܝܬܐ ܕܡܝܬܝܬܐ
ܬܡܕܝܬ ܬܝܕܝܬ .

ܬܝܬ ܡܕܕܬ ܬܝܬ ܬܡܕܝܬ ܬܝܬ ܬܡܕܝܬ ܬܝܬ :
ܬܡܕܝܬ ܬܝܬ ܬܡܕܝܬ ܬܝܬ ܬܡܕܝܬ ܬܝܬ .

*Learn and teach the Assyrian
Language .*

The end ܬܡܕܝܬ